PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

THE Bombay Gazette. MORNING EDITION.

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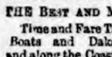
No. 54,265.—New Series.] BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.



LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing Saturday	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
2-39 P.M. 1907.				
23rd Nov.	EGYPT	7912		7912
30th „	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
7th Dec.	MARMORA	10509		
14th „	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6908
21st „	ARABIA	7003		
28th „	ORIENTAL	5294	MOLDAVIA	9500
1908.				
4th Jan.	PERSIA	7951		
11th „	ORIENTAL	5294	INDIA	7911
18th „	OPHANA	6610		
25th „	ORIENTAL	5294	MONGOLIA	9505
1st Feb.	EGYPT	7912		
8th „	CALEDONIA	7358	VICTORIA	6622
15th „	ORIENTAL	5294		
22nd „	MACEDONIA	10512		
29th „	ARCADIA	6603		
7th Mar.	CALEDONIA	7358	BRITANNIA	6576
14th „	ARABIA	7003		
21st „	CALEDONIA	7358	MOOLTAN	9621
28th „	PERSIA	7951		
4th Apr.	MARMORA	10509		
11th „	EGYPT	7912		
18th „	CALEDONIA	7358	MOLDAVIA	9500
25th „	MACEDONIA	10512		
2nd May	ORIENTAL	5294	HIMALAYA	6908
9th „	CALEDONIA	7358		
16th „	ORIENTAL	5294	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd „	ARABIA	7003		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
Bombay, 28th September 1907.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,
FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
			THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	26th Nov 1907.
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	26th Dec. „
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	23rd Jan. 1908.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Verron	20th Feb. „
NERA	5,538	Schmitz	19th Mar. „
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	16th Apr. „
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	14th May „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain	To Sail on or about
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Verron	6th Dec. 1907.
NERA	5,538	Schmitz	3rd Jan. 1908.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	31st Jan. 1908.

For further Particulars apply to—
L. BRICARD,
Agent,
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
‡ REICHSTAG	2045	Ihle	21st Nov 1907.
* KAISER	2734	Von Holdt	2nd Dec 1907.
† GOUVERNEUR	3326	Burmeister	13th Dec 1907.
PRASIDENT	3310	Tope	23rd Dec 1907.

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, DURBAN. GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, and

*Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.
‡ Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—
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24, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY, 5TH NOVEMBER, 1907.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.
			Route.—Via.
LHASA	2,170	Mon. 25th Nov.	11 a. m. P. D. & O.*
DUMRA	1,700	Thur. 28th Nov.	9 a. m. Cutch Mandvie.
LINGA	2,170	Frid. 22nd Nov.	7 a. m. (direct). *

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S.S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on MONDAY, 25th Nov., calling at Verawal, Mangrole and Dwarka, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 28th Nov., calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Africa, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
21st November, 1907.

KING KING & Co.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

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Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

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HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN — LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE VIA BRINDISI

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st Dec 1907
IMPERATOR	4140	P. Mosca	16th Dec. 1907
KOERBER	5301	A. Foresti	1st Jan. 1908
BOHEMIA	4282	M. Dabcevich	16th Jan. 1908
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st Feb. 1908
IMPERATOR	4140	P. Mosca	16th Feb. 1908
KOERBER	5301	A. Foresti	1st March 1908
BOHEMIA	4282	M. Dabcevich	16th March 1908
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st April 1908
IMPERATOR	4140	P. Mosca	16th April 1908
KOERBER	5701	A. Foresti	1st May 1908
BOHEMIA	4282	M. Dabcevich	16th May 1908
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st June 1908

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain	To sail on or about.
* † CHINA	5399	A. de Petris	25th Dec.
* † F. FERDINAND	6046	C. Matcovich	25th Jan. 1908.
* † NIPPON	6317	F. Tarabocchia	25th Feb. 1908.

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE, VENICE, and Brindisi are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON,

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Co.

RETURN TICKETS, available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced fares.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S S. N. CO.

Return Tickets are issued for the voyage, Bombay to Trieste, by Austrian Lloyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North German Lloyd's and vice versa.

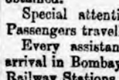
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers Season (March April and May) all the steamers of the Direct Line will call on their Homeward voyage first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about.
AUSTRIA	7388	A. Bilaffer	25th Dec.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to the
AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

APRIL 23RD, 1907.
ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.



ELLERMAN (CITY AND HALL) LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY *via* KARACHI to LONDON (*via* MARSEILLES OR GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

From Bombay or Karachi,	A. 1st Class Saloon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	440	704	352	528	352	495
Port Said	468	748	374	561	352	528
Marseilles Genoa or Naples	578	925	495	770	429	649
Liverpool London overland via Genoa or Marseilles returning via Marseilles or Naples	605	990	517	792	462	704
Karachi	253	*1135	570	*920	429	802
	44	"	40	"	33	—

* Returning journey from Liverpool, by Sea. Rs. 1,038, Rs. 845 and Rs. 731, respectively.

The following sailings are subject to alteration:—

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM KARACHI.

Class.	Steamers.	Tons.	Due Bombay	Leave Bombay.	Leave Karachi.	Due Liverpool.
	Sutton Hall	..	..	15 Nov.	22 Nov.	15 Dec.
	City of Karachi	...	..	21 „	3 Dec.	27 „
	City of Madrid	...	3 Dec.	11 Dec.	21 Dec.	15 Jan'08
	City of Glasgow	..	15 „	25 „	4 Jan.'08	28 „

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY.

*	Morton Hall	...	..	26 Nov.	..	22 Dec.
†	City of London	...	..	7 Dec.	..	12 Jan.
‡	Trafford Hall	..	29 Nov.	29 „	..	18 „
	City of Calcutta	...	9 Feb.	10 Mar.	..	2 April
	City of London	...	15 „	24 „	..	15 „
	City of Glasgow	...	10 Mar.	18 April	..	10 May

* For Marseilles and London.
† For Antwerp and London.
‡ For Havre and Liverpool.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agents ELLERMAN (CITY AND HALL) LINES OF STEAMERS, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct for BRINDISI and VENICE.

(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	A. Cogliolo	15th Dec.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	E. Cucchi	15th Jan. 1908
D. BALDUINO	4,580	A. Cogliolo	15th Feb. 1908

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 185
Return tickets available two years	„ 900	„ 575	

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Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 870; 2nd Class Rs. 585. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going *via* Genoa and returning *via* Venice or *vice versa* and can break their Journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000		11th Dec. 1907.
LEVANZO	5,000	G. Belsito	7th Jan. 1908.
*CAPRI	6,000		17th Feb. „

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through Bills of Lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

EXTRA DEPARTURE TO GENOA.

Vessel,	Tons,	Captain,	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000		about 20th Dec. 1907.

Good and Cheap Single Saloon Accommodation.

* The S. S. Capri, leaving on 17th Dec. will call at Penang taking Cargo and Passengers.

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.
No. 86, HORNBY ROAD

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

LAWSON'S LIQUEUR WHISKY.

The Softness, Mellowness and fine Character of this Brand are produced by age, high quality and judicious Blending.

Rs. 2-6 per bottle.

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D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA,
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For LADIES, GENTS, and CHILDREN.

Fresh Stock of SOLA HATS arrived shortly and awaits inspection.

AND

a beautiful display of HATS RIBBONS and HOSIERY, etc., etc.

PROVISION 20 per cent. cheaper than Market Rates.

A VISIT means a lot of saving.
Our prices defy COMPETITION.

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ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.
BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT INSTOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
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THE NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL, COTACAMUND.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LADIES OF THE "FRANCISCAINES MISSIONNAIRES DE MARIE."

THE COURSE OF EDUCATION for all Classes includes the subjects required for the Public Examinations of the Indian Government. Pupils are also prepared for the Local Cambridge Examinations.

Instruction in Singing, Musical Drill, and Needlework, both Fancy and Plain, is given to all Classes.

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The NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL,
COTACAMUND, NILGHERRIES.

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We have tested most of the highest makes of Pianos and when they have shown that they possess the qualities necessary beyond tone, touch and sympathetic power, we have offered them to the public often with improvements which our long experience has suggested. We have in fact been compelled, after exhaustive and long experiments, to drop our Agency for instruments which, whilst bearing good reputation in Europe, have failed to withstand the peculiar tests of the Indian climate.

In addition to representing the famous houses of

JULIUS BLUTHNER, SCHUDMAYER AND SOEHNE, RICHARD LIPP AND SOHN, we have added that of

GROTRIAN, STEINWEG NACHF

Whose Pianos may now be inspected at our Piano Saloon.

We offer a breadth of selection amongst the World's Best instruments which not only have thei own peculiar beauties of tone and power, but which can be relied on to withstand the test of the climate.

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LIPTON'S TEAS

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C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
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XMAS! XMAS! XMAS!

JUST RECEIVED a large consignment of JAPANESE SILK GOODS, CURIOS, suitable for XMAS PRESENTS and XMAS CARDS.

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FOR MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

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Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

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Indian subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage.
English subscription £1-1-0 per year including postage.

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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 117,50,000.
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

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LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, Ld
LONDON COMMITTEE.
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Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET BOMBAY

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CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£800,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,075,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£800,000

HEAD OFFICE
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J. GREIG,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. Agent.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 170,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.
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The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
ESPLANADE ROAD BOMBAY Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000

DIRECTORS:
SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
SIR J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq., (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay.)
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggur.
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq. (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., (Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)
NOORDIN EBRAHIM NOORDIN, Esq., (Messrs. Noordin Ebrahim Noordin and Co.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.
The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA, THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS AND PANAMA.

Capital paid up	Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	Gold $3,459,038·08

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street, Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Canton.	Kobe.
Calcutta.	Manila.	San Francisco.
Singapore.	Cebu.	City of Mexico.
Penang.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Hong Kong.	Yokohama.	Panama.
	Colon.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG,
Acting Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
43/43, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£600,000
RESERVE FUND	£600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON,

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombasa
Kusrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Eliya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong
Entebbe.			

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 21,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.
BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AT RAWALPINDI.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available Berths secured to All Parts of the World free of charge of commission.

PASSENGERS met on Arrival and

BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CHEAP PASSAGE to ENGLAND available per NATAL LINER S. S. "UMZUMBI," SAILING on FRIDAY, 29th instant. The ship contains excellent accommodation, carries Surgeon and Stewardess and is fitted with Electric Lights and Refrigerator. Passengers will be landed at Gravesend and the steamer will also call at Malta. For particulars as to Fare, etc., apply to—

R. A. WILLIS,
Agent for the Owners,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Executive Engineer, Thana, will receive at Thana, at 3 P.M. (Standard Time), on 9th December 1907, sealed Tenders for CONSTRUCTING POLICE LINES, at Bhiwndi. Forms of Tenders and other particulars can be had on payment of Rs. 2 to the Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office, Thana, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. save Sundays, holidays and the day of receiving Tenders.

Probable Value of Works.....Rs. 6,000.
Deposit.....Rs. 600.
Earnest Money.....Rs. 500.

2. Forms of Tenders will only be sold to each Tenderer separately.

IBRAHIM AHMADI, L.C.E., F.R.I.B.A.,
Executive Engineer,
THANA DISTRICT.

THANA, 16TH NOVEMBER, 1907.

POSTAL NOTICE.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE STRIKE on the E. I. Railway, until further notice, MAILS for Bengal, Eastern Bengal, Assam and Burma (via Calcutta) will be forwarded by the Nagpur route. The time of Posting for this mail at the General Post Office is quoted below:—

Unregistered articles ..... 1 P.M.
Registered articles ..... 12-30 "
arcels { G. P. O 11-30 A.M.
"Times of India" Building, ...12 noon

At the Town Sub Post Offices, the time of posting will be the same as that notified for the Calcutta-Mail via Nagpur.

E. R. JARDINE,
PRINT. POSTMASTER.

GENERAL POST OFFICE,
BOMBAY, 21ST NOVEMBER, 1907.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

PARSEE TOWER OF SILENCE CEREMONY AT DEOLALI, ON 1ST DECEMBER, 1907.

FOR the convenience of those attending the TOWER OF SILENCE CEREMONY at Deolali, on the 1st December, 1907 SPECIAL TRAINS between BOMBAY and DEOLALI, will RUN if sufficient number of tickets are sold before 18 o'clock at Victoria Terminus, the day previous, as under:—

DOWN TRAINS.

Stations.	1st Train.	2nd Train.	3rd Train.	4th Train.	5th Train.	6th Train.
Victoria Terminus ..D.	3-30	3-55	4-20	4-45	5-10	5-35
Deolali ....A.	7-45	8-10	8-35	9-0	9-25	9-50

UP TRAINS.

Stations.	1st Train	2nd Train.	3rd Train.	4th Train.	5th Train.	6th Train.
Deolali ....D.	15-45	16-15	16-36	16-53	17-40	18-40
Victoria Terminus..A.	20-45	21-17	21-35	21-50	22-40	23-25

The fares chargeable by these Special Trains will be one and one-third Ordinary Fare for 1st and 2nd class Return Tickets and one and half ordinary fare for third class Return Tickets which must be purchased at Victoria Terminus, early in the afternoon of Saturday, the 30th November, 1907.

The holders of these Tickets must return from Deolali by one of the Return Special Trains shown above, otherwise they will be required to pay full single fare to Bombay forfeiting their Return Tickets. No reserved accommodation will be given on these Special Trains, no refund whatever will be made in connection with the Cheap Tickets.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
Asst. General Traffic Manager.

BOMBAY, 21ST NOVEMBER, 1907.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY one ASSISTANT for Conveyancing Department, one SHORTHAND WRITER and TYPIST, TWO ENGROSSING CLERKS, and one OUTDOOR GENERAL CLERK. All must possess necessary qualifications and good experience of work in Attorneys Offices. Apply in writing with testimonials to—

THAKURDAS & CO.,
Solicitors.

BOMBAY, 18TH NOVEMBER, 1907.

IMPORTANT.

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS & CONTRACTORS

THE STRAITS INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE of SINGAPORE (Straits Settlements), Timber Department, will be pleased to receive enquiries for TIMBER of all kinds, cut from their own Timber concessions and put through their Steam Saw Mills F. O. B. and C. I. F., prices quoted.

Proforma invoices forwarded on receipt of specifications. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Obtain your Timber at FIRST COST and save, you know.

AGENTS WANTED.

BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE.

CANDIDATES INTENDING TO JOIN the COLLEGE during the next year should submit their applications before the 4th January next, on which date an Entrance Test for those who have not passed either the School Final or Matriculation Examination will be held.

Eleven Government Scholarships are likely to be available and will be awarded mainly to those candidates who are recommended by Collectors in the Presidency. While admitting paying students as well as Government Scholars preference will be given to those who have passed either the School Final or Matriculation Examination and those who come up to the standard of height and chest measurements prescribed in the College Rules and Regulations, a copy of which will be forwarded on application.

The total number of Scholarships has been increased from 15 to 21 and the amount of scholarship given is also increased from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15. Besides these Scholars are not required to pay College fees. Other conditions regarding scholarships will be found in the Rules and Regulations.

Replies to applications will not be sent during the Christmas Holidays.

F. JOSLEN, Major, I.C.V.D.,
Ag. Principal, Bombay Veterinary College.

PAREL, BOMBAY, 13TH NOVEMBER, 1907.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

FOR SALE—OFFERS will be received up to 30th November, 1907, by the Director, Royal Indian Marine, for the purchase of

THE ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP

"INVESTIGATOR" (old) (without figure head) with all Stores and Fittings that are on board of her on that date.

The vessel was built as a wooden paddle steamer in 1881.

She is 203' long, 25'-10" broad and 14'-6" over paddle boxes and is 515 gross tonnage.

Purchaser must remove the Ship from the Government Dockyard or moorings within 14 days of purchase at his own expenses and risk.

Dismantling will not be permitted in the Government Dockyard or at the moorings.

Twenty-five per cent. of purchase money to be paid on acceptance of Tender; balance before vessel is removed from Dockyard or moorings.

No other stipulations than above are necessary.

Application to view the vessel and further particulars may be obtained from the Director, Royal Indian Marine.

The Director does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

G. H. HEWETT,
DIRECTOR OF THE ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD,
BOMBAY, 29TH OCTOBER, 1907.

DR. BISWAS'S

MAGIC PILLS.

An Excellent Tonic for Young and Old.

EVERY MAN SHOULD HAVE A BOX.

ALL details cannot be published. Those who want to know the particulars, should write to the Manager with half-anna stamp for reply. Price, Rs. 3-8 per box.

DR. H. BISWAS,
AMRITA BAZAR MEDICAL HALL,
Amrita Bazar, P. O. (Jessore).

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

REFERENCE BOOKS, 1908.

ORDERS NOW BEING REGISTERED.

WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1908.
Paper Cover, As. 14.
Cloth Cover (with Supplement), Rs. 2-3.
THE MOST USEFUL ALMANACK IN EXISTENCE.

WHITAKER'S PEERAGE, 1908.
Bound in Blue Leather and Scarlet Cloth, Rs. 3-1.

WHO'S WHO, 1908.
Bound in Full Cloth, Rs. 8-12.

DAILY MAIL YEAR BOOK.
"The Little Red Book."
Paper Cover, As. 7.
A Handbook to all the Questions of the Day for 1908.

HAZELL'S ANNUAL FOR 1908.
The one book of Reference necessary to the Literary Man, the Political Man, the Business Man, the Municipal Man.
In durable cloth Binding, Rs. 3-1

BRITISH JOURNAL PHOTOGRAPHIC ALMANAC AND PHOTOGRAPHER'S DAILY COMPANION, 1908, As. 14.

ORDER AT ONCE.

OBSTINATE MALARIA

dare not stand the
NEMESIS' AGUE SPECIFIC.
"Your NEMESIS' SPECIFIC is the best remedy for Fevers."
Per Bottle Re 1.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
SHAIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

Dr. LAZARUS'S

SPLEEN PILLS

Have cured thousands of cases of enlarged Spleen
Full directions given in wrapper.
PREPARED (ONLY) BY

E. J. LAZARUS & CO.,
MEDICAL HALL, BENARES.
In Bottles, at Rs. 1-4 each; Box and Packing, 2 as.

From Mr. E. KIDBY, Dinapore:—"I have always had in mind your wonderful cure of my daughter's illness of the Spleen. She was, as is well known by many, given up as incurable, her complaint being chronic. When you took her in hand I really had no hopes that she would ever have recovered. I write this thanking you for restoring her.

"I have great confidence in your Spleen Pills and Essence of Chiretta which I recommend to all as a specific for the diseases for which they are given. You have permission to give publicity to the above for the good of the public."

Mr. W. J. MONTGOMERY, Apothecary, Madras Medical Establishment, writes:—"You are at liberty to publish the following few lines which bear testimony to the efficacy of your Spleen Pills in the "Pioneer" if you think fit. I have used Dr. Lazarus's Spleen Pills in several cases of enlarged Spleen, &c. In all of them the cure was decidedly rapid, though the dose recommended has been found by me too strong for some. I have used nothing equal to it, and would strongly recommend those suffering from the above complaint never to be without taking a course of these Pills, and I am quite certain, that these Pills will effect a cure when other remedies have failed." Jalna, Deccan.

From J.T. MURRAY, Esquire, Engineer, I.V.S.R. Flotilla, Sukkur:—"The phial of Dr. Lazarus's Spleen Pills I purchased of you last month I am happy to say has made a thorough cure of my daughter's (3 years of age) enlarged Spleen. I recommend the Pills to all, young and old, who may be suffering with their Spleen. I have no objection to your making this known to the public."

From WELLINGTON BEATTY, Esq., Scindia Paper Mills, Gwalior:—"I shall be obliged by your sending me as early as possible, per V. P. post, three (3 Bottles Spleen Pills, two (2) Bottles Chiretta. The last supply I got from you of Pills and Chiretta was the means of saving three persons who had been troubled with Spleen: one for 33 years' one for 5 years and the other for seven years. You are at liberty to make any use of this as you like."

From BABU TARA NATH SEN, Sulkia, Coldanga Lane, No. 27, Howrah:—"Will you kindly send at your earliest convenience one phial of your Spleen Pills, per V. P. Post, to the following direction. On the recommendation of a friend who had some spare Pills, I administered your Pills which produced marvellous effect. I may safely say that yours is the best medicine that I have ever come across, as I have exhausted the whole category of medicines in all the different departments of medical science without any effect."

From EDWARD INGLIS, Esq., the Rest Camp Tundla, E. I.R.—"Please send per V.-P. P. Post, two phials of your Spleen Pills. I am very glad to say I have derived much comfort in the use of your Spleen Pills, and I think these two bottles will work a complete cure. I feel when I return thanks for my recovery that a blessing is also invoked on you. You may use this testimony to the efficacy of your Spleen Pills any way you like."

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 3" at Rs. 2-12 per thousand: if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE EXCELSIOR"
CINEMATOGRAPH
ECLIPSES ALL OTHERS!
ON THE MAIDAN NEXT TO SKATING RINK,
EVERY NIGHT INCLUDING SUNDAY,
FROM 16TH NOVEMBER.
ANOTHER GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME, WITH NEW WONDERFUL FILMS,
JUST RECEIVED FROM PARIS.
THREE EXHIBITIONS EVERY EVENING.
A 4TH EXHIBITION, EVERY SATURDAY, from 11-15 to 12-15.
From 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 P.M.
Reserved Sofa, Re. 1 each. (3 seats.)
Specially arranged for Family Parties.
Cushioned Easy Chairs ... ... Re. 2 0
First Class Chairs ... ... " 1 0
Second " ... ... " 0 8
Benches ... ... " 0 4
Soldiers and Children, Half Price to I and II Class only.
Special arrangement will be made for ZENANA Ladies if Notice is given to the Manager the previous day.

LAST NIGHTS.
FRAMJI COWASJEE INSTITUTE.
TO-NIGHT
AND EVERY EVENING.
COMMENCING AT 9-30 P.M.
MIDDLETON'S
MIGHTY THROBBING
LIVING LONDON

LIVING	LONDON	SATURDAY AND
LIVING	LONDON	SUNDAY NEXT,
LIVING	LONDON	FOUR SPECIAL
LIVING	LONDON	FAREWELL PERFOR-
LIVING	LONDON	MANCES,
LIVING	LONDON	6 30 to 8-30; 9-30
LIVING	LONDON	to 11-30,
LIVING	LONDON	EACH EVENING,

MISS ELE DAVIES
WILL SING THE LATEST ILLUSTRATED SONGS.
Prices: Rs. 3, 2, 1 and annas 8.
Plan at SOUNDY'S.
Commencing 9-30; Carriages 11-30.

SKATING RINK

OPENING NIGHT,
SATURDAY, 28RD NOV. AT 9-30.
ADMISSION ONE RUPEE.
DAILY FROM MONDAY, 25TH.
Practice Sessions.....8 to 9-30 A.M.
General Skating.....6 to 8½ P.M.
Do. Do.....9-30 to 11-30 P.M.

EVENING ENTERTAINMENT.
B. E. S. HIGH SCHOOL, BYCULLA.
TUESDAY, 26TH Nov., 9-30 P.M.
SHADOWGRAPH, CONJURING TABLEAUX, HIGHLAND FLING SOLOS and SONGS.
Miss HAMMELT, Messrs. CLARKE, MARSH and CROFT.
ADMISSION Re. 1.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following furniture such as sofas, easy chairs, writing, dressing and washhand tables, cupboards almyrah, chest of drawers, cottage piano by August Dassel, iron cot, revolving-top office table with cupboard, handsome large size teak partition screen with doors.

At 3-30 p. m.
Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 handsome rubber-tyred vis a-vis.
1 handsome rubber-tyred victoria.
1 French-polished office shigram.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed properties at Agripada Ripon Road, behind the Khatao Makanji S. and W. Co., Ld., Byculla.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay, as the Administrator of the estate of the late Waghji Topan, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY the 26th November, 1907, the following valuable landed properties on the premises at the hours mentioned below.

Lot No. 1 at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of Foras land with two tenements or chawls standing thereon, admeasuring about 881 square yards, situate in E. Ward at Ripon Road, bearing Municipal Street Nos. 111 and 135, Ward Nos. 3924 and 3948, Collector's Old No. 198, New No. 13716, Old Survey No. 293 and New No. 1/3548 and bounded on the East by the property of Muljt Jetha, on the South by the property of Sillnbhai Mistry, on the West by the property of Sharifbhoy Thavar and on the North by the Ripon Road.

Lot No. 2 at 5 p. m. (S.T.)

All that piece or parcel of Foras land with two tenements standing thereon, together with a piece of land adjoining, admeasuring about 410 square yards situate in E. Ward at Ripon Road, bearing Municipal Street Nos. 136 and 136 A. Ward Nos. 3949 (1) and 3949 (2), Collector's Old No. 266-567, New No. F/1379/2, Old Survey No. 285 and New No. 1-G/3453 and bounded on the East by the property of Mulji Jetha, on the South by that of Toorab Rangari, on the West, by that of Silinbhai Mistry and on the North by the property firstly described.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of about 35 Candies Droppings (inferior).

On TUESDAY, the 26th Inst., at 4 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Swadeshi Mills premises, at Kurla, on account and at the risk of Mr. Charandas Damoder, the following wastes:—

Droppings (inferior) about 35 candies.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On FRIDAY next the 29th Inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Cabins," Middle Colaba opposite the Post Office, the valuable and neat teak wood and blackwood dining-room, drawing-room and bedroom furniture made to order such as set of dining table and chairs, mirror sideboard, dinner waggon, drawing-room sofas and chairs, cabinets, English bedsteads, single and double almirss, marble-topped dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes press, cottage piano by Knake in good order, first rate full size slate billiard table by Roberts, with balls, cues, &c., steel wheel rubber-tyred vis-a-vis, powerful waler horse, table ornaments, pictures, Carpets, windproof lamps, garden plants, etc., the property of the late D. Duncan, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Minocher Villa (2nd floor), Sassoon Dock Road, Middle Colaba, (behind Mithi Lodge), the valuable and handsome French polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture of the latest design, consisting of set of dining table and chairs, mirror sideboard, dinner-waggon, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinets, marble-topped tables and teapoys, bedstead, single and double mirror-door almirss, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, marble-topped dressing and wash-hand tabls, American organ, open carved blackwood chiffonier, writing table, chairs, teapoys, etc., suitable for presents, glassware, crockeryware, platedware, windproof lamps, pictures, Brussell's carpets, rich table ornaments, etc., the property of J. E. Monk, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 22ND NOVEMBER, 1907.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

The sale of Law and other Books that was advertised to take place on the 27th instant, is POSTPONED up to the 4th proximo.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
BOMBAY, 22ND NOVEMBER, 1907.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

SALE OF SALVAGE of Cotton Plant, by damaged fire and water, at the Bombay Cotton Press Co., Ltd., at Colaba.

Under instructions from the underwriters Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will receive private offers at their Rooms for the purchase of the following cotton pressing plant, &c., saived from the late fire at the above Press upto THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 22nd November, 1907, comprising—

3 Hodghart Presses.
3 cotton openers.
1 wrought iron tanks,
Shafting, pulleys, hangers, &c.
Hydraulic piping and fittings.
Iron piping.
Weighing scales, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE of 30 Cases Cardamoms.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on MONDAY the 25th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), on account of the concerned:

30 Cases damaged Cardamoms.

MENESSE & Co.

BOMBAY, 22ND NOVEMBER, 1907.

WANTED.—Sufferers to know that "Hydroceles" of any nature and standing is warranted to be cured right away by our Unique remedy "Hydroceline." Speedy and permanent cure is certain even if the worst type. Ours is a novelty in the Medical World. No tapping, no detention, complete elimination of the fluid in the Sac. Wonderful decrease in size and relief of pain. A trial will convince. Rs. 3 and 5. MANAGER, British Chemical Works, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

Messrs. O. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

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By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary, Rs. 5.

LAWS OF THE LAW.
(A Selection of Leading Cases)
By W. E. H. Rea.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
Apply "The BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

COMBRIDGE'S TOURIST'S BOOKS.

INDIA. BURMA, CEYLON.
Murray's Handbook with 81 Maps and Plans. New 6th Edition, 1907 Rs. 15-0

ALLAHABAD. CAWNPORE. LUCKNOW.
Handbook. By H. G. Keene. To which is added a Chapter on Benares. Rs. 2-8.

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Handbook to Agra, and its Neighbourhood, By H. G. Keene. Rs. 2-8.

DELHI.
Handbook to Delhi. By H. G. Keene. Re-written and brought up to date. Rs. 3-8.

THROUGH RAJPUTANA TO DELHI.
An Illustrated Guide to the Districts reached by the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Ry. By Carlton Stubbs. Cloth, limp, Re. 1-0.

THE TOURIST'S INDIA.
By E. Reynolds-Ball, F. R. G. S., With 28 full page Illustrations and a new Map. Rs. 7-14.

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Impressions of Indian Cities. By Percival Landon. With Coloured frontispiece and other Illustrations. Rs. 6-8.

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A Handbook of Practical Information. By Sir J. George Scott, K. C. I. E. With special Articles by Recognised Authorities on Burma. With Illustrations. Rs. 9-3.

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By the Abbe J. A. Dubois. Translated from the Author's later French Ms. and Edited with Notes, Corrections, Biography. By H. K. Beauchamp, C. I. E. Rs. 5-0.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following furniture such as sofas, easy chairs, writing, dressing and washhand tables, cupboards almyrah, chest of drawers, cottage piano by August Dassel, iron cot, revolving-top office table with cupboard, handsome large size teak partition screen with doors.

At 3-30 p. m.
Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 handsome rubber-tyred vis a-vis.
1 handsome rubber-tyred victoria.
1 French-polished office shigram.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed properties at Agripada Ripon Road, behind the Khatao Makanji S. and W. Co., Ld., Byculla.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay, as the Administrator of the estate of the late Waghji Topan, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY the 26th November, 1907, the following valuable landed properties on the premises at the hours mentioned below.

Lot No. 1 at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of Foras land with two tenements or chawls standing thereon, admeasuring about 881 square yards, situate in E. Ward at Ripon Road, bearing Municipal Street Nos. 111 and 135, Ward Nos. 3924 and 3948, Collector's Old No. 198, New No. 13716, Old Survey No. 293 and New No. 1/3548 and bounded on the East by the property of Mulji Jetha, on the South by the property of Sillnbhai Mistry, on the West by the property of Sharifbhoy Thavar and on the North by the Ripon Road.

Lot No. 2 at 5 p. m. (S.T.)

All that piece or parcel of Foras land with two tenements standing thereon, together with a piece of land adjoining, admeasuring about 410 square yards situate in E. Ward at Ripon Road, bearing Municipal Street Nos. 136 and 136 A. Ward Nos. 3949 (1) and 3949 (2), Collector's Old No. 266-567, New No. F/1379/2, Old Survey No. 285 and New No. 1-G/3453 and bounded on the East by the property of Mulji Jetha, on the South by that of Toorab Rangari, on the West, by that of Silinbhai Mistry and on the North by the property firstly described.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of about 35 Candies Droppings (inferior).

On TUESDAY, the 26th Inst., at 4 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Swadeshi Mills premises, at Kurla, on account and at the risk of Mr. Charandas Damoder, the following wastes:—

Droppings (inferior) about 35 candies.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On FRIDAY next the 29th Inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Cabins," Middle Colaba opposite the Post Office, the valuable and neat teak wood and blackwood dining-room, drawing-room and bedroom furniture made to order such as set of dining table and chairs, mirror sideboard, dinner waggon, drawing-room sofas and chairs, cabinets, English bedsteads, single and double almirss, marble-topped dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes press, cottage piano by Knake in good order, first rate full size slate billiard table by Roberts, with balls, cues, &c., steel wheel rubber-tyred vis-a-vis, powerful waler horse, table ornaments, pictures, Carpets, windproof lamps, garden plants, etc., the property of the late D. Duncan, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Minocher Villa (2nd floor), Sassoon Dock Road, Middle Colaba, (behind Mithi Lodge), the valuable and handsome French polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture of the latest design, consisting of set of dining table and chairs, mirror sideboard, dinner-waggon, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinets, marble-topped tables and teapoys, bedstead, single and double mirror-door almirss, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, marble-topped dressing and wash-hand tabls, American organ, open carved blackwood chiffonier, writing table, chairs, teapoys, etc., suitable for presents, glassware, crockeryware, platedware, windproof lamps, pictures, Brussell's carpets, rich table ornaments, etc., the property of J. E. Monk, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 22ND NOVEMBER, 1907.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

The sale of Law and other Books that was advertised to take place on the 27th instant, is POSTPONED up to the 4th proximo.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
BOMBAY, 22ND NOVEMBER, 1907.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line. Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are the best in the world.

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BACK NUMBERS of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly Budget and the Weekly Mail Editions when available, are supplied on the following terms:—The price varies, according to lapse of time between As. 2 and Rs. 2 and higher for very old issues, if available.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange, List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Encacements. Annual Subscription in advance Rs. 10 (Single by Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadows Street.

FOR SALE.—STRONG DISTRICT TONGA, with TWO PONIES young and quiet Harness &c., complete.—Apply C CHURCH MISSION HOUSE, Girgaum.

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INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special time and fare tables of all the Indian Railways. Abstract of Rules and Regulations. Through Routes and Fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad. Postal and Telegraphic information. Steam-Boat and dak Companies. Places of interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines. Price, Eight Annas. Annual Subscription Rs. 4 including Postage.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotation for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

LADY proceeding England by P. and O. "Oriental," on 15th February, wished to hear of some one, who understands children travelling by same boat, who would act as NURSE to her child of 18 months. Please state Qualifications and Remuneration required. Apply to Box No. 1724, care of "Bombay Gazette."

LARGEST ASSORTMENT of COOKING STOVES and Ranges to burn Coal, Wood, or Oil, and Kitchen Requisites in stock.—STOVE DEPOT, 17, Church Gate Street.

NOTICE to CYCLISTS.—Messrs. WALTER LANE & Co., European Cyclists of Church Gate are removing from their present premises to "MAHOMED BUILDING," Hornby Road, next door to Paris-India from 1st November, 1907.

OLD BOOKS.—Advertiser will be glad to receive lists of Old and Rare Books relating to Indian History and Events. Nett Prices should be marked to facilitate selection and purchase. Address "BIBLIOPHILE" No. 6038 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of previous week, carefully compiled, Army Orders, &c., Town Subscription, yearly Re. 12, Half-yearly Rs. 7 and Quarterly, Rs. 4 post Rs. 15-12; Rs. 8 and Rs. 4 respectively. Specimen Subscription 41-4-0 per year Post Free.

RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS' ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON. The largest and leading in the East no expense or trouble spared. Luxuriously provides for the convenience and demands of Constituents. A visit is earnestly solicited to Cox's Building (Top Floor), Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast As 12 Dinner served till late hours.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SUTTON'S SEED collections in fancy tin boxes. Vegetable and Flower. Fresh supply just received. Apply sharp to PALEKAR and Co., opposite Gocaldas Tejpal Hospital Esplanade Cross Road, Bombay.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.—In a small neatly bound BOOK, covering all RATES in 32nds—both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 27/32d. The Book has been found to supply a long-felt want, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts. "The cheapest, best, and most convenient."—Vide Press Notices. Price:—Rs. 2

THE BISHOP AND HIS CHARGE.—The issue of the *Bombay Gazette* containing our Article on the BISHOP'S VISITATION CHARGE being sold out and many demands made for copies of the same we have reprinted the Article in PAMPHLET FORM.—Price 2 Annas each at this Office.

WANTED to RENT for 5 years a BUNGALOW with a large compound of at least 12,000 square yards in Mazgaon, Byculla, Jacob's Circle or Parel. Must be dry during monsoon. Apply to Box No. 1723, care of "Bombay Gazette."

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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Satara, 3,408 tons, Captain J Tyrrell, will sail to-day for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE steamer Rodhwell, 2,208 tons, Captain T D Scurr, sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE Hansa Line steamer Axenfels, 2,759 tons, Captain H Sandstedt, will sail to-day for Rangoon, with the same bottom cargo.

THE William Line steamer Morocco, 2,476 tons, Captain J Boxhall, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Hull, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Landaura, 2,157 tons, Captain D Morgan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Spithead, 2,992 tons, Captain T Clucas, arrived in harbour, on the 20th instant, from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Wardha, 2,551 tons, Captain E W Peck, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via Coast ports with a general cargo.

THE steamer Alcana, 2,311 tons, Captain D Morgan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal, during the voyage she encountered cyclonic weather in the Bay of Bengal.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steamer Nadir, 2,041 tons, Captain T W Corkhill, arrived in harbour on the 20th instant, from Calcutta via Coast ports, with a cargo of coal and general and 4 deck passengers, she experienced heavy rain from the south, during the voyage.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—Nov. 21.

Alcana	2311 Morgan	Graham & Co
Baltic	1613 Hurst	G Jewaji
Bullmba	1897 Peding	M M & Co
Farringford	2378 Chaplin	Ballitone
Hoseinee	393 Jenkins	B & P S N Co
Indemnity	1978 Purse	R A Willis
Ipswich	515 Pelling	Shah S N Co
Landaura	2157 Austin	M M & Co
Nadir	2041 Corkhill	T Morrison & Co
Oscarella	2750 Stradley	Ghadi & Co
Oriental	3.85 Palmer	P & O Co
Peninsular	2919 Palmer	Aden
President	2937 Tepe	A Saraoglu
Queda	4914 Cooper	M M & Co
Rehmani	1872 Storey	B & P S N Co
Shah Najam	2751 Davison	S A Hasnain
Shah Ameer	1922 Pilling	H A Hasnain
Shah Nasir	2555 Grant	Shah N N Co
Spithead	2992 Clucas	Bombay Co
Wardha	2175 LeBrocq	M Mackenzie & Co
Water Hall	2139 Maria	K Nixon & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK—Nov. 21.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
B Clan ancdair	3220	Oliver	Chittagon	26-11	T Main & Co
C & R Merton Hall	2727	Pearse	Lyeol	24-11	K Nixon & Co
D & E Marienfels	2560	wanted	Kiel	25-11	Glade & Co
F Delhi	1784	Andrews	Shanghai	27-11	P & O Co
G Nadiri	1168	Gray	Delhi	25-11	B & P S N Co
K Yetorofu Maru	3068	Sato Kobe		27-11	N Y Kaisha
M Kafeer	1714	Moh	Durban	3-12	A Strandes
N Alianton	5775	Motyer	Baltimore	23-11	R A Willis
O Ahmadi	1660	Hadlee	Delhi	25-11	B & P S N Co
P Cascambi	2144	Mitchell	Dunkirk	23-11	W & A G & Co
Q Capri	2784	Belsito	Hongkong	17-12	P & R S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Cora	2529	Cammack	Calcutta		M M & Co
2 Circassia	4315	Haig	Liverpool	3-12	W & A G & Co
3 Bodluvell	2309	Scurr	Antwerp	22-11	W & A G & Co
6 Chanda	3251	Tice	Antwerp	23-11	M M & Co
8 Africa	3365	Badcock	Trieste	1-12	A L S N Co
9 Azemieh	2759	sterling	Rangoon	21-11	Glade & Co
10 & 11 Wardha	2352	Peck	Calcutta	21-11	M M & Co
12 Nowshera	1931	Maud			N F M M & Co

Offsite Q.

Alavi	3221	Geddis		N F	R & P S N Co
Scalds	3438	Brown	Jeddah	26-11	M M & Co

M W D D

Shahjehan	5566	Grant	Mauritius	28-11	Haji Hassam

H W V P

Linga	937	Rickford	Kosti	22-11	M M & Co

H W P D

Mahanadi	547	Ahmed	Mangalore	22-11	Bo B N Co
Penang	55	Shahabudin	B Nagar	23-11	Bo S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	Nadir s	Corkhill	Calcutta, Oct 26
	Spithead s	Clucas	Calcutta, Nov 9
21	Alcana s	Morgan	Calcutta, Nov 10
	Landaura s	Morgan	Calcutta, Oct 29
	Morocco s	Boxhall	Hull, Oct 17

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
21	City of Karachi s	Snow	Karachi
	Pahan Hall s	Main	Calcutta
	Kaiboa s	Walker	Calcutta
	Dwarka s	Moxon	Persian Gulf &c.
	Relcistae s	Thie	Zanzibar, &c
	Rodlewell s	Scurr	Antwerp
	Wardha s	Peck	Calcutta, &c
	H M S Highflyer s.	Hickley	Persian Gulf

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Satara, Tyrrell, for Calcutta.
„ Azenfels, Sandstedt, for Rangoon.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Nadir, for Calcutta, &c.
„ Sindia, for Jeddah.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	From
19	Glan Forbes	Liverpool
12	Gwalior	Rangoon
14	Kenley	Calcutta
15	Hariyn	Bombay
14	Clan Macfadyen	Coast
16	Perlak	Calcutta
17	Katzenthun	Antwerp
17	Lawada	Bombay
18	Matiana	Calcutta
19	Palamcotta	Rangoon

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

19	Tara	Cocanada
20	Kagoshima Maru	Japan
21	Prome	Coast
21	City of Athens	Liverpool
Dec. 4	Umlazi	Calcutta

The dates are approximate only.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOV. 21.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—20 bales cotton-fly, K Vishram and Co
4,000 cwts mowra-seed, 300 cwts wheat, 10,160 cwts cotton-seed, 206 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Morton Hall s—15 bales wool, T Dilsukhrao; 22 bales wool, and goat hair, R Molosshoy.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—8 cwt hecrabole, K N Mani; 32 bales hemp, E Comerasy; 8 cases opium, P and O Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Circassia s—120 bales cotton, Glazebrook Tejpal and Co; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—10 bales twist, E Spinner and Co; 1,591 cwt teelseed, Ralli Bros; 4,000 cwts linseed and 1,000 cwt mowra-seed, Volkart Bros: 29,920 cwts mowra-seed; 11,757 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.
Morton Hall s—2,000 cwts ginglelyseed, L Dreyfus and Co.
Egypt s—37 bales silk, King King and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Morton Hall s—42 bales twist, Allan Bros and Co; 15 bales twist, N Curseetji and Co; 70 bales cotton-fly, K Visram and Co; 4,000 cwt linseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 3,000 cwt linseed, J Fachiri; 3,000 cwt linseed, Volkart Bros; 2,100 cwt castor-seed, Worman and Co; 2,900 cwt linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chanda s—50 bales cotton-fly, K Visram; 3,801 cwt gingellyseed, Worman and Co; 4,000 cwt linseed, Volkart Bros; 21 bales twist, Rehmani Mills.
Bodlewell s—1,000 cwt linseed, Shaw Wallace and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 135 cwt mother of pearl shell, M Jafferbhoy; 320 bales twist, A Schweigia and Co; 31 bales twist, J A Begbie and Co; 60 bales twist, H Robetsek and Reis; 67 bales twist, A Blascheck and Co; 120 bales twist, H Sabzer and Co; 500 cwt myrabollams, A Khimji; 8 bales hemp, F F Campbell and Co; 27 bales twist, Ahmedabad Advance Mills Co Ld.

FOR PIRAENS.

Africa s—5 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Africa s—110 bales cotton, Volet Ghandy and Sons; 300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Umzumbi s—2,000 cwts teelseed, and 2,000 cwt poppy-seed, Ralli Bros; 2,204 cwt linseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delhi s—500 bales cotton, and 200 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 3 cases opium, P and O Co; 500 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Yetorofu Maru s—200 bales twist; M B Kaisha, 100 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.
Delhi s—1,000 bales twist, Greaves Cotton and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Yetorofu Maru s—300 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co; 2,100 cwt bonemeal, and 10 cwt coir matting, H Noormahomed; 400 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co; 400 bales cotton, B Shamji and Co; 600 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKASA.

Yetorofu Maru s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros,

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Yetorofu Maru s—100 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co.

FOR MOJI.

Yetorofu Maru s—900 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *November 20.*] [BOMBAY, *November 21.*

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	82		1/4
2½ do. Rentes	95	un	chgd
2½ do. Sterling Loan	98 7/8		1/8
2½ do. Govt. Securities	63 3/8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	27 5/16		3/16
Do. do. 2 months' hence	27 11/16		3/16
Do. in New York	59 1/4		1/4
Exchange on London at Paris	25·25	1/2	
Do. do. do. Berlin	20·56	un	chgd
Do. do. do. New York	4·86 7/8	3/4	
Discount Bank of England Rate	7	since	7 Inst.
Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight	6 7/8	un	chgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	5 7/8	un	chgd
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills	7 1/2	un	chgd
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills	7 1/4	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	4 3/4	1/8	
Do. 7-day Market Loans	5	un	chgd

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England £250,000 for various places.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)... 1s. 3 11/16d
* Closing tone of silver—Dull.

Council Bills :—

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day—

Rs. } No allotment { to Calcutta.
„ } { to Bombay.
„ } { to Madras.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS :—

Rs. } No allotment. { to Calcutta.
Rs. } { to Bombay.
Rs. } { to Madras.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales ... ... Rs. 5,70,000

COTTON.

Liverpool —

Spots	... Quiet.
Futures	... Steady.
East Indian	... Quiet.
Manchester	... Quiet.
Total Sales	... 8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 500
Imports	... 21,000
Mid-Americans	... 5·87+·05
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown	...10 1/8 unchgd

Future Delivery prices :—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl
5·57	5·57	5·59	5·60	5·61
+06	+06	+06	+07	+07

Apl.-May	May-June.	June-July.	July-Aug.
5·61	5·62	5·62	5·61
+07	+07	+07	+07

New York :—

Receipts at U. S. Ports	... 55,000 bales
Do. do. last year	... 68,000 „
Exports to Great Britain	... 32,000 „
Do. to Continent	... 1,000 „
Spot Cotton—10·70 +10	

Futures—Month of Dec. 10·52+09 } Advanced early owing to firm cables and partially declined later through liquidation.
Futures—Month of Mar. 10·22 +11 }

New Orleans—

Spot Cotton—10 3/4 unchgd
Futures—Month of Dec 10·32 +12
Do do Jan. 10·29 +14.
Closing Tone of Futures—Steady.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi C. I. F.—40 1/2—Nov.-Dec.—London—Done—Canal.
Tone of Wheat—Quiet.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed :—
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85o/o ex-ship 58 —March-Apl.—Antwerp—Sellers—Canal.
Tone of Rapeseed,—Dull.

Linseed :—
Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship 46½, Nov.-Dec.—Done —Canal.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 6 unchgd.

Rubber :—
Para Rubber 3s. 6½d. Value.

Freight—
Coals Cardiff to Bombay (Canal 11 Done.

Beef and Mutton Tallow—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ...34s. 6d.
„ „ Mutton Tallow ...35s. 6d.
General tone of Tallow Auction ... Steady.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value	From	Vessel.	Importer.
	Rs.			
2 Bundles Sovs.	975	Muscat	Bullmba	National Bank
Rupees	4,700			
3 Bundles Sovs.	3 0	Muscat	Dwarka	C Dwarkadas
Rupees	4,700			
2 Bundles Rs.	4,000	Bahrein	Bullmba	Mac Mackenzie and Co
1 Bundle Rs	700	Linga		
1 Bundle Rs	2,500	Abbas		
2 Bundles Rs	3,500	Muscat		
10 Bundle Rs	21,000	Linga	Bullmba	Sundry Natives
5 Bundles Rs	12,500	Bahrein		
1 Parsel Silver	54	London	Oriental	Hongkong Bk

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [21ST NOVEMBER, 1907.

FINANCIAL.

Money :—

The Money Market is easy. There are borrowers for two months at 4 per cent. per annum. The Bank of Bengal cash balance is Rs. 16 lakhs up.

Exchange :—

The Secretary of State refused to allot Council Bills on Wednesday. The Market opened firmer to-day as far as selling rates were concerned but the quotation for Credits was unchanged at 1s. 4 1/32d. 3 months' sight. For the mail a Bank would have taken Bills at 1s. 4 7/32d., but it is doubtful if much was done. One or two Banks gave ready wire at 1s 4 12/16d., but the rate is doubtful at the close. Far Eastern rates are quiet.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	... 1s. 3 25/32d.
Demand Draft	... 1s. 3 27/32d. to 7/8d.
Credits—3 months' sight	... 1s. 1/4d.
Do. 6 months' sight	... 1s. 4 15/32d.
Do. 3 months' sight—France	170 1/2
Do. 3 months' sight—Marks	129 3/4
Hongkong—30 days' sight	150 1/2
Yokohama—30 days' sight	150 1/4
Shanghai—30 days' sight	203

Government Paper :—

At opening to-day ready Paper was quoted at 95¾ and the Settlement at 95 13/16. A fair amount of business has been transacted, the Bazaar dealers at one time taking the Market to 96 for the account. Rates, however, became quieter before the close ready being 96 and settlement 95 15/16. Calcutta Market is advised as 95 13/16 ready and 95⅞ for delivery in a month.

We quote :—

Cash	... Rs. 96
1st Settlement	... „ 95-15

Bullion :—

On Wednesday Bar Silver in London closed 3/16 lower at 27 5/16 ready and 27 1/16 for delivery in two months. New York was ¼ down at 59¼. Our local market was also weaker at 69¾ *ex* duty but remained steady at the decline. Forward rates are noted below. Bar Gold is unchanged.

	Es.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	1	6
Australian Bar Gold	24	1	6
Bombay Bar Gold	24	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	2	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	3	0
Silver *ex* Duty—Ready	69	12	0
Ditto 1st Settlement	69	12	0
Ditto 2nd „	69	14	0

COTTON.

Market Report :—

The Market opened firm with prices Re. 1 to Rs. 2 above last evening's closing rates, and further steadied during the morning, good Broach touching Rs. 265 1-2. During the afternoon rates were easier, but after receipt of the Liverpool opener the Market was again steadier and prices close as under. Exporters have been doing little, but a fair business is reported in the bazaar.

Ready cotton is steadier and business was reported at Colaba in Bengals and Oomras new crop.

QUOTATIONS :— Rs. Delivery.

Fine M. G. Broach	...	271 March 08
Good M. G. Broach	...	261 1/2
Fine M. G. Nagpur Kampti	...	230/31 Jan. 08
Fine M. G. Damangaum Pulgaon	...	228
Fine M. G. Khangaum Akola	...	217
Fine M. G. Amraoti	...	216/17
Fine M. G. Muttia	...	202
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...	197
Fine M. G. Khandeish	...	203
Fine M. G. Bengals	...	195/6
Fine M. G. Bengals	...	185

Liverpool Opener :—

Opening Tone	...	...	Quiet
Estimated Sales	...	...	7,000
Total Imports	...	...	Nil.

Future Delivery Prices :—

N.-D	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
5·60	5·60	5·62	5·63	5·64
+03	+03	+03	+03	+03
A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.	
5·64	5·65	5·65	5·61	
+03	+03	+03	+03	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :—

The Market is easier with very little doing and we quote :—

Ready	...	...	Rs. 8 0 0 B. T.
December	...	...	„ 8 6 6 R. T.
May	...	...	„ 8 10 0 R. T.

Rapeseed :—

The Market is quiet with little enquiry. We quote :—

Brown Cawnpore	...	...	Rs. 9 4 0
Yellow Gujerat	...	...	„ 10 6 0

Gingellyseed :—

The Market is steadier with rather more enquiry and prices are advancing. We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c.	...	...	Rs. 61 0 0
„ „ 75 p.c.	...	...	„ 60 0 0
Black Kutni	...	...	„ 53 0 0

Poppyseed :—

Rs. 13 4 0

Tone—Steady.

Castorseed :—

Rs 39 0 0

Tone—Quiet.

cottonseed :—

Rs. 25 0 0

Tone—Steady.

Mowraseed :—

Rs. 6 5 0 B. T.

Tone—Quiet but Steady.

GROUNDNUTS :—

Rs. 46 0 0 Jan.-Feb.

Tone—Quiet but steady.

Wheat :—

The Market is quiet but steady. We quote :—
White Delhi, Ap.-May. ... Rs. 5 14 0

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—			
Bombay	...	...	1,395
India	...	...	69
Indian Specie Bank, Ld.	...	...	47 1/2
Mills :—			
Century	...	...	1,880
David	...	...	392 1/2
Empress	...	...	395
Kohinoor	...	...	715
Manekji Petit	...	...	3,157 1/2
Textile	...	...	1,195
Presses :—			
New Mofussil	...	...	555
Miscellaneous :—			
Colaba Land and Mill	...	...	1,030
Treacher and Co	...	...	610
Railways :—			
Amritsar-Patti	...	...	106
Tapti Valley	...	...	442 1/2

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	...	...	3,542 bales.
Wheat	...	...	2,703 cwts
Linseed	...	...	1,797 „
Rapeseed	...	...	398 „
Gingellyseed	...	...	14,512 „
Poppyseed	...	...	217 „
Groundnuts	...	...	230 „
Castorseed	...	...	1,652 „
Rice	...	...	9,071 „
Myrabollams	...	...	247 „
Cottonseed	...	...	2,096 „
Mowraseed	...	...	1,220 „
Gram	...	...	1,660 „
Joowar	...	...	56 „
Maize	...	...	nil „

KARACHI FREIGHTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 21.

FREIGHTS:—Fair business has passed during the week for Hull and the Continent. For Hull shippers advanced from 13 s. to 15 s. for November and early December, owing to the small quantity of space available for these positions. Otherwise business is dull and prospects unchanged.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, Nov. 23.

I There will be a Parade at the Riding School for Members Rowbling in Bombay on Tuesday the 26th instant at 7-30 a. m.
Dress—Drill order Khaki Carbines and Swords.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

* * * * * * *

242 N. C. O.'s CLASS No. 2 Co.

There will be instruction for the N C O's Class at Mahaluxmi Fort as under :—
Saturday at 5 p m—Dress Khaki and Helmets

* * * * *

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

345 RANGE.

The Range at Santa Cruz will be available for Spoon Competitions and practice on Sunday the 24th instant.

R W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, Nov. 22,

365 Detail for the week ending Saturday the 23rd instant.
To-day Friday the 1st—School of Arms at the Y M C Association at 7 p. m.
II—All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Quarters at 7 p.m.
366 Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength and posted to Companies as follows :—
No 6199 Vol E Allmore, " C " Coy.
No 6190 Vol G W Herbert, " F " Coy.
367 Musketry—Sunday the 24th—The Rifle Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing.
The Commanding Officer hopes that all members will endeavour to complete their Class Firing as early as possible.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it prodnces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold Medicine dealers everywhere.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ROUSSAC—November 11, at Kirmnasa, the wife of A. W. Rousac, Engineering Department, E. I. R., of a daughter.
WARD—November 10, at Bokahola, T. E., Assam, to Mr. and Mrs. John Petty Ward, a daughter.

MARRIAGES

CARTER—FRENCH—November 16, at the Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Revd. H. B. Cogan, George Houston, youngest son of the late Frederick William Carter, of Upper Norwood, and of Mrs. Carter, 91 West Hill, Sydenham, to Dora, second daughter of John Fountain and Anne V. French, formerly of Plumstead, Kent.
CARTER—BLANDFORD—November 12, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, Lorance R. Carter, of Cawnpore, to Melva Adeline Blandford, eldest daughter of George Blandford, of Melbourne, Australia.

DEATHS.

AUSTIN—November 15, at his residence, Whannell's Road, Egmore, Madras, Stephen Thompson Austin (late Head Examiner and Assist nt Superintendent of the Government Gazette Press, Madras).
KNAPP—November 16, at Multan, Kempster, the infant son of Major and Mrs. K. K Knapp.
LUMB—November 6, at Aden, Arabia, from acute dysentery, Lieut. James Perry Lumb, Royal Garrison Artillery, A. D. C. to the Political Resident, Aden.

H. T. BINKS,
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AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
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DHANAMAL CHELLARAM,
62-64, MEDOWS ST., FORT, BOMBAY.
A LARGE Assortment of JEWELLERY, SILVER-WARE, JAPANESE SILKS, CHINESE SILKS—EMBROIDERED and EMBROIDERED; CREPE—EMBROIDERED; SILK DRESSES and BLOUSES—EMBROIDERED
Always in Stock.
JAPANESE, CHINESE, EGYPTIAN, and PERSIAN CURIOSITIES displayed in large Variety.

Better than Quinine
KEMP'S
CHIRETTONES.
The cheapest and most effective Tonic and Febrifuge in existence.

Weak ?	TAKE CHIRETTONES.
No Appetite ?	TAKE CHIRETTONES.
Liver Sluggish ?	TAKE CHIRETTONES.
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Re. 1 per box of 100 x 5 grain tablets. Free delivery anywhere in India for cash with order.

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TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 49m. Sun sets, 6h. 0m. High water, 0-44m., 0-27a. Low water, 6-32m., 6-16a.
P. and O. steamer "Marmora," with English mails of 8th inst., due to arrive at 6 a. m.
Arrival of Her Excellency Lady Clarke and daughter by the mail steamer.
Fifth Criminal Sessions of the High Court.
Factory Labour Commission, Secretariat, 2 p. m.
Y. M. C. A. Hall, Concert, 9 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade, 7 p. m., 8-30 p. m., and 10 p. m.
Middleton's "Fascinating Wondrous London," 9-30 p. m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Nov. 28th. Last Quarter, 9h. 51-0m. a.m.; Nov. 9th, in Perigee, 11-5h. a. m.; Nov. 25th, in Apogee, 11-3h., a. m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Saturday, November 23.—Fifth Criminal Sessions of the High Court. Skating Rink, opening night, 9 p. m. Mahaluxmi Spinning and Weaving Company, general meeting, Tamarind Lane, 3 p.m. Royal Bombay Yacht Club races. Factory Labour Commission, Secretariat, 2 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 50m.; Sun sets, 6h. 0m.; High water, 1-17m., 0-57a. Low water, 7 6m., 6 46a.
Sunday, November 24.—26th Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises, 6h. 51m.; Sun sets, 6h. 0m.; High water 1-49m., 1-26a.; Low water, 4-71m., 7-17a.
Monday, November 25.—Factory Labour Commission, Secretariat, 2 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 51m.; Sun sets; 6h. 0m., High water, 2-20m., 1-57a.; Low water, 8-19m. 7-42a.
Tuesday, November 26.—Factory Labour Commission, Secretariat, 2 p.m. Evening Entertainment, Bombay Education Society's High School, 9-30 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 52m., Sun sets, 6h. 0m. High water, 2-52m. 2-34a. Low water 9-5m., 8-24a.
Wednesday, November 27.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p.m. Factory Labour Commission, Secretariat, 2 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 52m. Sun sets, 6h, 0m. High water, 3-29m. 3-26a. Low water, 10-10m. 9-10a.
Thursday, November 28.—Sun rises, 6h. 53m.; Sun sets, 6h. 0m.; High water, 4-16m., 4-45a.; Low water, 11-56m., 10 32a.

TRAMCAR ACCIDENT:—Bhiku Hari, (32), while trying to jump out of an electric tramcar in motion, on Kalbadevi Road, fell down and was severely bruised, and had to be taken to the G. T. Hospital.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—On Sunday, the 24th instant, the Senior Class of the Brotherhood will meet as usual in the Samaj at 9 a. m. (S.T.) and will be conducted by Mr. J. J. Vimadalal, M.A., L.L.B., who will expound Mathew Arnold's Selections from Wordsworth.

MAHIM DISPENSARY.—The number of patients who attended the J. M. Wadia Mahim Charitable Dispensary during the month of October is as under :—men, 1,111; women, 572; male children, 367; female children, 334—Total 2,384. The chief prevailing diseases, were malaria, fevers, romo worms, bronchitis and indigestion.

THE THIRD VIRSHAIVA MAHASABHA.—The Third Virshaiva Mahasabha is to be held on the 20th, 28th and 29th days of December, at Sholapur. The Hon'ble Mr. K. P. Pattanashetti, a councillor to the Government of Mysore, has kindly consented to accept the Presidentship. His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and also His Highness' Divan Bahadur have expressed their congratulations on such a movement among the Virshaivas. The subjects to be discussed at the Sessions have been published through some Marathi and Canarese periodicals.

CAUGHT REDHANDED.—Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court before Mr. C. H. Setalwad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Carter charged Bhimsay Bhav with stealing Rs. 400 belonging to Mr. Haidarali Mulla Ibrahim. The evidence showed that the complainant put a bundle containing the money on a box in his shop at Jakeria Masjid House then engaged in attending to some other work. The accused, who had seen him put the money there and go inside, walked into the shop and made away with the bundle. The complainant came out in time, chased and arrested the accused, who was convicted and sentenced to five months' imprisonment.

DRUNKENNESS CAUSED IT.—Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Lewis charged Abdul Aziz Abdul Karim, against whom there stood a record of three previous convictions, with causing hurt by means of knife to one Omer Kika. The complainant was smoking a *chilum* when the accused came up and asked to have a draw out of it. The complainant refused to do it. The accused felt offended and brought a knife with which he inflicted several wounds on the complainant's person. The accused pleaded that he was drank at the time. He was convicted and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

DISHONEST SERVANT.—Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Mahomed Hussein of the Criminal Investigation Department charged Harilal Rughji, a Brahmin, with stealing some silver pots valued at Rs. 250, belonging to his master Vaidya Dhanwantri. The pots were kept in a box in the complainant's room at Kandawadi. They were missed on the night of the 19th instant. The accused having also disappeared the same night, he was suspected of the theft. He was arrested and the pots were found with him. The Magistrate convicted and, sentenced the accused to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Acting Coroner of Bombay, yesterday held an inquest on the body of Nardie Rayadali, (60), who was picked up unconscious on the Railway line near Elphinstone Road Station and subsequently died in hospital. Mr G. Pereira, an engine driver in the service of the B. B & C. I. Railway, was driving a light engine about five o'clock yesterday morning, when he saw the deceased lying on the line. He stopped the engine and by the assistance of others got the man removed to hospital. He was found to be suffering from a double fracture of the arm. The evidence showed that another light engine had passed the down line only a few minutes before he was found lying there. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

THE ACWORTH LEPER ASYLUM.—The committee of the Acworth Leper Asylum beg to acknowledge with thanks the following donations, &c. :—Anonymous, Rs 10; Mr Samawalla, Rs 5; Mrs Eykyn, Rs 2; Mr Ratilal Samalji, cloth; Mr Ramdas Deuji, bags of rice; and sweetmeats from the following:—Merchants from Mazagon Bazaar, Goghari Mohalla, Ramabpura, Umerkhadi and Koliwada Bazar, and Messrs. Shu Denghi Khetshi, Virji Nathoo, Umershi Raghu, T. M. Mone, Mulji Tejghi, Dhargbi Nakoo, Ghela Agaria, Velji Soma, Ratilal Samalji, Virji Maloo, Meghji Denghi, Poonshi Lasna, Moha Newghi, Hansraj Ratanji, Vasanji Lalji, Hira Bemdo, Amichand Gumandji Tulsidas Manmohandas, Rakershi Muljji, Karaushi Ratanshi, Ramdas Dunji, Lakhamshi Nagoo and Co., and Kuhelahi Visa Osmail Panch.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A TICKET-COLLECTOR :—At the St. George's Hospital yesterday, Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Acting Coroner, held an inquest on the body of John Tait, (22), a ticket-collector in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway. The evidence showed that about eleven o'clock on Monday night the deceased was on the Up-platform of the Musjid station and examining tickets while a train was stopping there. As soon as the examination of tickets was over, the train started and immediately afterwards the deceased shouted and fell between the train and the platform

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FANCY and COLOURED CLOTH of different qualities and designs such as :—
Long Cloth, Domettics, Table Cloths, Chadars, Dhotias, Drills, Twills, Damask Table Cloths, Towels, Honey Comb pattern Akhi Skirts, Damask pattern, &c., Turkish Towels, Bath Towels, Napkins Handkerchiefs, Cambrics, Than Cloth, Sail, Hunting Cloth, Khaki Cloth, Bed tickings, Bed Covers, Bed Quilts, Coloured Table Cloth, Drugget Cloth, Jhool Cloth, Sarees, Pugrees, Carpets, &c., &c.
HOSIERY GOODS in all varieties, viz : Seamless Hose, Bookmarkers (Fancy & Merino finished, &c.), Pants, Caps, &c.
THREAD GOODS of all descriptions, viz : Sewing glazed thread on Cards and Spools (warranted full lengths) Crochet Cotton Mercerised Cotton for embroidery, Sewing Skeins, Ball Twines, &c
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
WHOLESALE CUSTOMERS can have their enquiry only from
SHETH LAKHMIDAS MORARJI,
Salesman,
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Do. —71-2 anning Street, Calcutta.

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A PORTABLE LOCO-TYPE BOILER, with Engine, by Ransomes Head and Jefferies in good condition. May be seen by appointment Apply to "B G.," office of this Office.

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REGISTERED CAPITAL.....Rs. **2,00,00 000**
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BRANCHES :
LONDON, CALCUTTA, KARACHI, SURAT, POONA, AHMEDABAD, BHAVNAGAR, SHIKARPORE

CURRENT ACCOUNTS

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and 2 per cent. interest is allowed on amounts of Rs. 200 and upwards.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

INTEREST, at the rate of 4½ per cent., is allowed on Fixed Deposits for twelve months certain,
RATES of INTEREST for shorter periods may be ascertained at the Bank's Office.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

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The Bombay Gazette.

FRIDAY, NOV. 22, 1907.

THE "VIHARI" CASE.

In the article by Sir Charles Elliott on the Anti-English agitation in Bengal, to which we alluded the other day, it is observed that the *obiter dicta* of the Calcutta Criminal Bench "seemed to show sympathy with the agitators, and hostility to, or at least no desire to support the Executive Government, and no sense of the political danger of the time, and their decisions have been among the principal stimuli to sedition by showing with what safety it can be indulged in." For an offence for which the punishment may be transportation for life, it may be thought that two years' simple imprisonment, with a fine of Rs. 300 or an additional three months, was light and insufficient to warn playful journalists who persist in writing disloyal things and pretend they never meant them, that they cannot indulge in the pastime with impunity. Indeed, there is a feeling abroad that three years' rigorous imprisonment would have made the punishment more nearly fit the crime. If there had been any signs of a manifestation of unrest in Bombay, similar to that which has existed in Bengal, we should have agreed that a more severe penalty was required for the sake of a warning to others. Such not being the existing condition of things, we hold that the learned Judge was right in dealing with the case on its merits and that in giving the accused two years' leisure wherein to ponder over his offence and the general political condition of India, the Bench has afforded him ample opportunity of realising that he was a fool rather than a patriot to write such mischievous matter as that for which he was arrested. The tone of the *Vihari*, as of other papers, has been under the observation of Government for some time. The fact, perhaps unknown to many youthful aspirants to the editorial chair, is that the tone of every newspaper is under the observation of Government and it is not safe to "play to the gods" in the belief that it will only be read by their own particular friends and that no risk will be run.

Government does not discourage, but invites criticism. But articles such as that headed "Wallace's Thoughts," and "Sedition Explained" were not legitimate criticism and were never intended to be. They were, and designedly so, malicious, mischievous writings, whose sole object was to stir up ill-feeling and disaffection; and to write the second after receiving a warning concerning the first, was a piece of gross impudence into the bargain. The prisoner's defence we commend to the Home Government. He founded his articles on Mr. Wilfrid Blunt's "Wind and Whirlwind", an appendix to his "Secret History of the Occupation of Egypt,"—a work, by the way, which ought to have been prohibited from entering either Egypt or India—and on an article in *Reynolds's Newspaper* a journal of some notoriety and read by a certain class of people. We should have thought that the very fact the writer took these two publications was sufficient evidence what his intention was. On that fact alone would break down the plea that the *Vihari* articles were Bhaskar Vishnu Fadke's own honest views on the subjects discussed and it was idle to pretend that they were not intended to excite feelings of enmity, disaffection, contempt or hatred against the Government. People who have no intention of doing all this do not urge their fellow-subjects to throw off the British rule and to shed blood in doing so. It was in vain that counsel for the defence urged that the proper key for the elucidation of the articles was the central idea pervading them, viz., that any progressive movement initiated by the Indians for the promotion of their legitimate aspirations was usually branded in the name of the British Government, which was described in some quarters as a benevolent despotism, as inflammatory and seditious. It was almost an insult to the intelligence of the jury to ask them to accept such a statement. But counsel must do the best for their clients and they frequently suggest absurd explanations by way of testing the mental capacity of the jurors. And we may take it that Mr. Gadgil was merely following their practice when he declared that the real motive of the accused in writing the articles was the good of the British Government, as they contained suggestions for the improvement of the methods of government in the interest of the people of this country. "Who could say, upon a fair consideration of the articles, that the real motive of the accused was not the good of the Government and of the people of the country?" he asked. When the writer said "you must spend blood," the jury was invited to believe that he meant to say "you must put forth your best exertions and energies if you wish to rise to a higher position in the world," and advocated that the people should work more and more if they wished to progress and to improve their condition. Counsel was merely urging the plea of his client, but it is evident that in his client's vocabulary, words have greater elasticity than any known lexicographer has hitherto given them. "You must spend blood" according to him merely means "press on towards the mark for the prize of the high calling is sure," particularly when the phrase is culled from Blunt, or *Reynolds*. There could be no possibility of doubt in the minds of any intelligent jury as to the accused's intention, and if the judge did not inflict too lenient a sentence, at all events he did not err on the side of severity.

THE DEATH OF CLIVE.

TO-DAY, the 22nd of November, is the hundred and thirty-third anniversary of the death of Lord Clive, and as in the present year of the memorable commemoration of his great victory of Plassey, people naturally take great interest in everything connected with him, it would not be out of place if we cursorily enquire on this anniversary day into the manner of the sad event which it commemorates. Strange as it may appear, there is an air of mystery hanging over his death, its manner as well as its place, and this mystery has not yet been quite solved. It is not quite certain whether he died at his Shropshire seat, Walcot Park, or at his London House in Berkeley Square; and still more uncertain is it, whether he destroyed himself by poison or pistol, or penknife or razor. The biographers of Clive from whom we naturally expect some information on this important point are, nearly all of them, very terse and reticent on the subject. The usual expression to be found in them is: "Clive died by his own hand." Macaulay was the first to use it, and the mental hypnotism which that magnetic writer exercised over other writers has made all his followers use that and give us no further information. Malleson and Sir Charles Wilson in their monographs merely say this, and no more. Stanhope and even Lecky, in their respective histories of England in the eighteenth century, have nothing more to say, though with greater excuse, for they were general historians and not biographers of the hero. We shall quote Lecky's sentence, as it conveys a high compliment to Clive, which it is needful to remember amid jarring notes of dissent, especially as it comes from such a judicious writer. "In November 1774, he died by his own hand, when but just forty-nine; and in this manner, about two years before the outbreak of the American War, England lost the greatest General she had produced since the death of Marlborough." We should expect to find in Malcolm's life of Clive, the fullest and most authoritative biography, the details. But it is most disappointing of all in this as in many other matters. We find there the following few lines, out of more than a thousand pages of which its three volumes consist, about his death. "It is probable that the excessive acuteness of the paroxysms of pain arising from the gall-stones, combined with the effects of the medicine which he had used, acting on his feverish irritability, led to the melancholy event which ensued. The feelings of disappointed hope and wounded dignity which had long haunted his haughty soul, were not little calculated to soothe him at such a moment. He expired on the 22nd of November, soon after he had completed his forty-ninth year, and was buried in his native parish of Moreton-Say." So the reader of this minute biography is not even told that its subject "died by his own hand!" He is left to conjecture even this much! This reticence on the part of the author—William Erskine after Malcom's death wrote the portion of the work in which the death is related—would be very amusing if it were not so irritating. More than sixty years had elapsed since Clive's death when this biography appeared in 1836, and that event, however painful, had passed into history and ought to have been treated historically. But possibly the writer thought that he would hurt the feelings of Lord Powis the son of Clive, who was then alive being in his 82nd year, by going into the details of that melancholy event.

That the mode of Clive's death was kept a mystery at the time it occurred, appears from Horace Walpole (1717-1797) the great gossip of the time. Writing to Sir Horace Mann within a week after the death on 29th November, Walpole says: "Lord Clive has died every death in the parish register; at present it is most fashionable to believe he cut his throat. That he is dead, is certain." The very next day after the death, 23rd November, he had written as follows to the Countess of Ossory, another of his constant correspondents:—"Lord H. (Holland) has just been here, and told me the manner of Lord Clive's death. Whatever had happened, it had flung him into convulsions to which he was very subject. Dr. Fothergill gave him, as he had done on like occasions, a dose of laudanum, but the pain in his bowels was so violent that he asked for a second dose. Dr. Fothergill said, if he took another, he would be dead in an hour. The moment Fothergill was gone he swallowed another, for another it seems stood by him, and he is dead." The next day, November 24th, he writes a little more explicitly: "A great event happened two days ago—a political and moral event; the sudden death of that second Kouli Khan Lord Clive. There was certainly illness in the case; the world thinks more than illness. His constitution was exceedingly broken and disordered, and grown subject to violent pains and convulsions. He came unexpectedly to town last Monday, and they say, ill. On Tuesday his physician gave him a dose of laudanum, which had not the desired effect. On the rest there are two stories; one that the physician repeated the dose; the other, that he doubled it himself, contrary to advice. In short, he has terminated at fifty a life of so much glory, reproach, art, wealth and ostentation. He had just named ten members for the new Parliament." The suggestion conveyed here by Walpole in his letters that Clive died of an overdose of laudanum seems likely, for he had taken to that soothing but treacherous drug, opium, in order to relieve himself from the great mental strain which he was undergoing in the previous year, 1773, when Parliament was carrying on that malignant enquiry into his conduct in Bengal, which terminated in his doubtful success. That enquiry and the strain not quite unwiped which it had left on his character, had preyed upon his sensitive disposition already damaged by bodily sickness, and his understanding was very likely temporarily deranged. We need not jump at once to the conclusion that he wilfully took the second dose of opium to destroy himself.

Lord Shelburne, first Marquis of Lansdowne, related a story about the death, which, though Lord Stanhope says has high contemporary voucher, yet appears to us doubtful, as his lordship had not a very good character for veracity among his contemporaries of all parties. George III., whose Prime Minister he was for a time, used to speak of him as "the Jesuit of Berkeley Square," and called him "a worthless man who has broken faith with me." Horace Walpole is even stronger. "His falsehood was so well known that he could only deceive by speaking truth. He had not only no principles, but was ready for any crime that suited his plans." Burke said of him that "if he is not a Cataline or a Borgia, it must not be ascribed to anything but his understanding." Lecky after judiciously weighing all this testimony concludes that Shelburne "never succeeded in throwing off the imputation of an ignoble sincerity." So Shelburne's story must be given here, accompanied by great caution: "To the last Clive appears to have retained his serene demeanour and the stern dominion of his will. It so chanced that a young lady, an attached friend of his family, was then upon a visit at his house in Berkeley Square, and sat writing a letter in one of his apartments. Seeing Lord Clive walk through, she called to him to come and mend her pen. Lord Clive obeyed her summons, and taking out his penknife fulfilled her request; after which, passing on to another chamber he turned the same knife against himself. This tale, though traditional, has a high contemporary voucher. It was related by the Earl of Shelburne, afterwards the first Marquis Lansdowne, to the person from whom I," says Lord Stanhope, "received it." From all this it will appear that Clive's manner of death is doubtful, and that the great hero committed suicide is not quite proved. But if it turn out thus, we may exclaim with that imaginary friend of Clive, whom Browning represents as groaning: "Clive's worst deed—We'll hope condoned." The subject of the death of Clive requires patient enquiry still, and we hope it will meet with it at dispassionate hands.

THE PORTUGUESE DICTATORSHIP.

WHEN at the end of August *Reuter* informed us that Senor Franco had intimated to the Council of State that he considered the time had arrived to return to constitutional government, we were forced to doubt the accuracy of the report. Subsequent reports proved how well the doubts were grounded, and the latest news confirms beyond any shadow of doubt that there is still at work a section of the Dom Miguel party anxious to overthrow existing law and order even, though no efficient substitute is apparent. The Dictatorship has been in existence since the early days of July and it has now become necessary to impose a rigorous censorship both on public oratory and on the press. Public meetings for the purpose of political agitation have been prohibited and, judging by the firm stand already made by Senor Franco and the support given him by the King, the prohibition will be strictly enforced. Portugal is fortunate in having such a man at the helm, for he has undertaken a necessary though unpalatable task and cannot hope for popularity as reward for his actions. A country so fond of talking of "liberty" naturally resents the Dictatorship, and the Dom Miguel agitators find it an easy matter to make converts and to spread disaffection throughout the country. The step of controlling the press is a wise one, for the press of Southern Europe is often far from reputable and a little wholesome control will do it as much good as an efficient press law would do to a certain section of the Bengal press. The satisfactory indication of the new orders is that Senor Franco is probing into the secrets of his enemies and is now fighting them on their own grounds. That he deserves success is apparent to all who have studied the inner nature of the present agitation, and that his success is essential for Portugal's welfare is no less certain.

H. M. S. "Highflyer," under the Command of Captain C. S. Hickley, R.N., sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf.

A BRANCH of the Bank of Bombay, has been opened at Hyderabad (Sind) under the charge of Mr. S. T. Hutcheson.

Mr. R. A. DOE has resumed charge of his appointment as Accountant at the Head Office of the Bank of Bombay, on return from leave.

THE marriage of Miss Hasel McHinch and Lieut. Hobert, R. F. A., will take place at Campbellpore on the 29th of January.

THE R. I. M. Steamer "Hardinge" sailed from Karachi on Wednesday the 20th instant, for Durban, with the 3rd Hussars.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Mongolia," with the outward mails of the 15th instant, left Suez at 3 a.m. on Thursday, the 21st November.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Peninsular," with the homeward mails of the 16th instant, arrived at Aden at 9 p.m. on Wednesday, the 20th November.

THE High Court on its Appellate Side will be closed for the Christmas Vacation from Monday the 23rd December to Saturday the 4th January, both days inclusive.

THE Registrar's office of the High Court will be open daily from 11 a.m., to 4 p.m. during the Vacation, except on Saturdays and close holidays.

DURING the week ending 19th November six chests of opium were removed from the Warehouse in Bombay. Of these, four were shipped to Cutch-Mandvi, 1 to Zanzibar, and the Farmers at Rajkot and Muli purchased half a chest each. One hundred chests were imported from Indore during the week.

A TEAM of Ceylon Mahomedan cricketers will shortly visit Bombay. It will probably play the Elphinstone C. C., and the Baronet C. C., besides the four local Gymkhanas. The dates provisionally fixed for the matches with the Gymkhanas are: 17th and 18th December (Islam Gymkhana), 20th and 21st (Bombay Gymkhana), 23rd and 24th (Hindu Gymkhana), and 26th and 27th (Parsee Gymkhana.)

THE *Bombay Government Gazette* contains a notification sanctioning the alteration of fares on the Matheran Railway. A Middle Class has been introduced, and the fare from Neral to the terminal station for the Lower Class has been raised to Rs. 1-4. The fares now stand as follows:—Upper Class, Rs. 4-8; Middle Class, Rs. 2-8, Lower Class, Rs. 1-4. The free luggage allowance now is Upper Class 25 lbs. or 12 1/2 seers, Middle Class 18 lbs. or 9 seers and Lower Class 10 lbs. or 5 seers.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending Nov. 19 was 652, giving a death-rate of 32·97 per annum per thousand as against 35·78 the corresponding period of last year, and 39·17 the average over the past five years. Of the total number, 75 died from fevers; 18, plague; 2, small-pox; 1, measles; 3, cholera; 2, leprosy 62, phthisis; 31, diseases of the nervous system; 162, affections of the respiratory organs; 45, diarrhœa; 13, dysentery; 32 still-born; 101, old age and debility; 15, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 20; Brahmin, 29; Lingaet, 2; Bhattia, 3; Hindus of other castes, 303; Hindus low caste, 66; Musalman, 145; Parsee, 17; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 25; Eurasian, 2; European, 4; Negro-African, 1. The total number of births was 469 as against 403 the corresponding period of last year, and 418 the average over the past five years.

DURING the illness of the sexton at St. Peter's, the famous church built by the convicts at Portland, the bell for evening service was rung by Mrs. Huthwaite, the wife of the vicar.

FROM a morning paper:—Wanted situation with good firm as rag sorter, manager of branch, or foreman. Energetic, got brains, leader of men. Age 31, 16 years' refs. Yorkshire preferred. Life experience in marine store line.

AFTER sending a letter, posted at Shipley for delivery at Bingley, Yorks, three miles distant, across the Atlantic to the United States, the Post Office authorities, on delivering it a month late, demanded 4d. from the indignant addressee for the extra journey!

HIRED labour having failed to keep the parish church of St. Nicholas, Harwich, in a clean state, twelve ladies of the congregation set to work with scrubbing brush and duster, and they have in a week thoroughly cleaned the interior—floors, walls, seats, and galleries—altogether beautifying and improving the edifice.

DR. W. H. Cummings, at the distribution of the prizes at the Guildhall School of Music, said they had a student who had lost the use of both legs, and who came to the school in a little vehicle planned by himself. Owing to the instruction he had received in the school this student was now able to earn a livelihood for himself.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS

THE BABY OF THE HOUR.

Lady Councillors.

FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 1.

The Prince of the Asturias, with his father and mother the King and Queen of Spain, has arrived at Kensington Palace. I place the five-months old Prince first advisedly, for he is emphatically the Baby of the Hour.

Extraordinary crowds congregate round the Palace each day to see the baby boy taken out by his nurse for his daily airings, and when the English nurse makes her appearance with the little bundle of white clothes in her arms there is such a burst of cheering as would awaken anyone but—the Prince of Asturias. For it is a matter of regret to the populace that on the rare occasions, when after patiently waiting for the best part of the morning it does come face to face with the Baby of the Hour, that high and mighty personage is invariably sound asleep.

"If only he would open his eyes!" has been the plaint not only of the public at large but of many of Alfonso the Younger's illustrious relations. Yesterday I had a talk with a high official of the Spanish Court and the Heir of Spain was the topic of our conversation. Was he really like his mother's people? I asked, and was told that the baby Prince is for all the world like a little English baby. He has the fair complexion, the deep blue eyes, and the fair hair of Queen Victoria. Quite a lot of hair, too, growing in silky tendrils. A particularly fine child is the verdict on the Prince of those who understand infantile physique. It is amusing each day to see the concourse of babies and nursemaids outside the Palace who have come to pay homage to His Majesty the Baby. Kensington Gardens the happy haunt of West End babies is quite deserted in these days, for all the little people from the fashionable flats and mansions around are brought to see the Baby who will one day be King.

As soon as possible after his arrival the little Prince was taken to pay a formal call upon Queen Alexandra and his other Royal relatives at Buckingham Palace and later he was taken to Marlborough House.

It is a mistake, by the way, so my Court informant told me to speak of the infant heir as Prince of the Asturias. "It would be like speaking of your Prince of Wales as Prince of the Wales." In spite of this, outside Court circles, ninety-nine out of every hundred people, are talking of the Prince of the Asturias.

KING ALFONSO.

The Spanish visit is of course strictly private to the great joy of King Alfonso who has quite enough of pomp and ceremony in his own country Except for the formal dinner and reception, a very brilliant affair, at the Spanish Embassy on Wednesday night, the King and Queen of Spain are not called upon to observe any set programme. On Wednesday afternoon the Queen went to an informal tea-party at Buckingham Palace, sandwiched in between rounds of shopping. Again, yesterday, the young Queen made another tour of her favourite shops in her automobile. She is in fact taking this opportunity of choosing her Christmas gifts for like all the English Royal family, Queen Victoria has been brought up to observe the pretty fashion of giving gifts to friends and relatives at Christmas time. Yesterday King Alfonso accompanied his Queen in the afternoon, but that restless young monarch demands a constant change of programme. An enthusiastic motorist he takes a delight in rushing through the West End at the highest rate of speed permitted by the authorities. Yesterday morning when he found himself held up by the traffic in the Edgware-road nothing would satisfy him but to alight and enter a penny shooting gallery where he practised "potting" eggs on a string and cocoa nuts.

Directly after lunch he motored to the Zoological Gardens and at night the King and Queen were to be seen applauding "The Merry Widow" at Daly's. King Alfonso's is certainly the strenuous life.

QUEEN MAUD.

Our Spanish visitors remain at the Palace until next week, but Queen Maud and Prince Olaf have already gone to Sandringham with Queen Alexandra. All this week Queen Maud has been at Buckingham Palace filling in her time with many visits to the West End shops. Although the popularity of Prince Olaf, the four-year-old heir of Norway, has been temporarily eclipsed by that of his baby cousin, he is a charming little fellow and still attracts attention wherever he goes A gallant little figure he looked yesterday in a scarlet coat and tam o'shanter as he drove in an open landau with his mother and grandmother to St. Pancras. Palaces are none too bright places for little boys but Prince Olaf is an enterprising young man and soon found his own amusements. Each morning this week a quaint little figure clad in a white woollen jersey might be seen with his face pressed close up against the gates of the Palace, listening to the Guards Relief Band.

EPISODE OF THE EDWARDS.

The Lord Mayor's Show this year will have the assistance of Mr. Louis N. Parker, the Master Pageant-maker.

I saw Mr. Parker the other day in the delightful study at Kensington where so many pageants have been evolved and he explained that he is arranging the episode of the Edwards. The City fathers have invited Royalty to this year's Show and seven Edward, Edwards the Confessor to Edward VI. will ride in state through the City on November 9th, each accompanied by the chief characters of his reign.

"So much interest is being taken in the affair" said Mr. Parker "that there is the risk of disappointment. The essentials of the episode are dignity and simplicity. To make it fully effective we have got to narrow it down to these qualities, not to elaborate it. The first idea, naturally enough, was allegorical cars. I swept it aside. When you have people who are called upon to act, and who have to remain in fixty of repose, for the first half hour it is excellent; then it falls flat. The procession takes too long a time for tableaux grouping."

"The material for pageants in London is inexhaustable" went on Mr. Parker. "Just think of the most obvious subjects. The poets of London, from Chancer to Thomson, the legends of London, Lud Gog and Magog, right down to say the Cock-lane ghost; the Port of London. There is enough material for ten years and then you might start over again."

The Pageant of London, should that monumental task ever be undertaken will indeed be a thing of splendour.

THE RAILWAY STRIKE.

If the threatened railway strike is attended with grave problems of commerce it will also have its attendant domestic crises, and the housewife, more particularly the London housewife, is haunted just now by the thought of empty larder and fireless grate. For London is only able to store food sufficient for a limited number of hours and coal both in the East End tenement and West End flat is bought in the smallest possible quantities for lack of storing accommodation.

Many women are comforting themselves with the thought that they can fall back on gas and electricity, but alas! for them, the London municipalities have not prepared for such a national calamity as railway strike, and they too only have provision for storing for a very few days. Worst of all, the strike, if strike there be, will probably come about Christmas time and all the pleasant family re-unions and the exchange of gifts and greetings will be impossible. What about the motor car? it may be asked, but there again motors require petrol and the supply of petrol like everything else is strictly limited.

LADY COUNCILLORS.

To-day for the first time the burgesses are voting for women candidates for the Town and City Councils. The number of women candidates is not great, but several very interesting women have come forward. Lady Steele, widow of the Lord Provost of Edinburgh, is a candidate for the City Council there. A very charming lady, she is extremely popular in the Scottish capital where she has been conducting an active campaign. Another lady candidate, Miss Margaret Ashton, is a sister-in-law of our Ambassador at Washington, Mr. Bryce, late Chief Secretary for Ireland. One of the Ashtons of Flowery Field, Miss Ashton, is a woman of considerable wealth and might, if she wished, have been an important figure in the world of Society. She has thrown herself heart and soul into her election campaign and is the only woman standing for the Manchester City Council. When I saw her in Manchester last week she was in the thick of a round of lively meetings. The Manchester electors seeing a young and elegantly attired lady before them began to "heckle" her severely, a species of election sport in which the Lancastrian is an adept.

"What did a lady like Miss Ashton know about drainage and sanitation," scornfully, asked a male member of the audience. And Miss Ashton, who is a 'Varsity woman and bristles with degrees, diplomas and certificates, coolly plunged into a severely technical address on sewer traps and bacteria.

THE NEW COLOURS.

Anything crude in the way of colouring is not tolerated this season. At night especially only the daintiest and loveliest colours are allowed. Yellow which has long been trying to make its way has at last "got there," but yellow translated in accordance with fashion's decree stands for the most exquisite graduations of colour. There is a tender beautiful shade called "mais," another with rather more depth called "miel" and a rich calceolaire. This chromatic trinity belongs to the domain of yellow proper, but champagne, banana and beurre are also very popular and ficelle cendre, beige and tussore all closely related to primal yellow are on the Paris colour card, that unerring index to the colours of the moment. The new brown has been christened "Maryland" and is delictoin velvet. There is a fine range of grey also. The very latest shades have been christened metal, silver, nickel and plantine, names which explain themselves. Zenith is a pretty blue grey, as is clair de lune. Varying between grey and brown are two soft mole shades now known as "lynx" and "castor."

THE MOONSTONE.

People are so very fickle in the matter of their jewellery nowadays. A few weeks ago nearly every jeweller was predicting that rose pink coral would be the favourite stone of the season—that is of course excepting the precious stones whose popularity is perennial.

Rose pink coral is now set on one side for the moonstone. Mounted in gold and silver in conjunction with coloured enamel the moonstone is really very effective. Necklaces, brooches, pendants, rings and earrings set in beautiful designs promise to be quite a Christmas craze. The moonstone is also to be seen mounted with diamonds. The yellow topaz and green Amazon are in high favour, and the topaz is being used for opera cloak clasps with excellent effect.

THE TRAIN DE LUXE.

VI.—Jaipur and Amber.

JAIPUR is one of the cleanest cities we have been in, such wide well kept streets lined all along, with what look like dolls' houses, all in stucco of a pinky shade, tiny little latticed-windows for the women to peep out of in the upper stories. We went to the School of Arts, where one can see all sorts of articles being made carved brass work and enamelling, are of course a speciality. We also made large purchases of work done by the students—sold at a very fair price.

The elephants, camels, horses and carriages belonging to the Raja were interesting. One carriage to hold forty of his ladies was exhibited with pride. The people of Jaipur pleased us. They all look so well and prosperous no squalor in any of the streets we passed through and for the first time we saw nilghai used as beast of burden. Camels and donkeys are everywhere. To see a camel pick his way thro' a crowd is wonderful and, pigeons and monkeys abound all seeming so happy and well fed. All this is Prosperous India.

We visited the Albert Museum, the foundation stone of which was laid by the King. Such a picturesque building. In going over it I came across a large card of very ordinary bone hair-combs, over which was written "British combs," the guide kindly explaining that the museum was to illustrate to Indians the customs of other countries.

In the afternoon we were invited to go and listen to the band in the park, which is beautifully laid out and has a fine collection of animals. The band played several American selections for our special benefit which were duly appreciated. We did not enjoy our visit to the Palace here, which is right in the city, and can in no way compare with Udaipur. We finished our day shopping.

We had already done much bargaining at the train, where vendors of every sort of ware were keen to take us in. Their jade they declared to be the finest in India, but the fame of a certain merchant called Zoraster had reached America and at his shop we were all assembled. On the lower floor were small boys employed making the same lovely carpets as at Ahmedabad and upstairs a great show of the famous Jaipur ware in articles of every description "all marked in plain figures." Large purchases were made which will adorn homes in every part of the new world.

To-day (19) we had to make a very early start as the city of Amber was our distination. Half past seven saw us all well on the way in carriages for our long drive. It was very cold starting but soon warmed up. At the entrance gates of Amber we alighted and amidst much merriment got ourselves settled on top of elephants. The elephant kneels down but is very impatient and as one does not mount an elephant everyday it takes some time to get four persons comfortably settled with cameras, which go everywhere, sunshades, coat veils, etc., etc. Some of the party preferred camels. So the party started. Three stately elephants, one camel and a tonga with several pedestrians formed the caravan. It is a very slow but easy sensation, elephant riding, and for the first part of the journey pleasant, but later on the scent was very steep and the poor animal with his burden had to be urged on. We arrived at last in a large court-yard where many photographs were taken and at last we started on our tour of inspection round the Palace.

Amber is a deserted city with a magnificent Palace but I do not wonder at its being deserted, for the climb up to it is terrible. The Palace however is kept in beautiful order, so clean and room after room is filled with quaint decorations of small pieces of looking-glass. By artificial light it must be bewildering.

We descended to see the Turkish baths of long ago and ascended to see women's apartments with trellis windows and other rooms where the Raja sat and smoked and talked with his ladies. Those poor women. They could see through the trellis the outside world, but could take no part in it, always trellis-work and high walls.

The view is most extraordinary; surrounded by high peaks on the edge of which are loopholed walls and every few yards picturesque towers which seem to continue for miles up and down hill. The larger hills have strongly fortified fortresses in which the treasure of Jaipur is kept, the guide told us. The place reminds one a little of Pompeii but Amber is much larger and ruined cities, lakes, and gardens seem to extend as far as one can see up the hills and across the plains.

At the foot of the worst descent is a charming rest house, where breakfast was served, and thoroughly enjoyed. We once more mounted our elephants and descended to join our gharries. All along the way are remains of the deserted city. We arrive at our tourist car delighted with our outing but to-morrow we arrive at Delhi where our trip in this train ends and exendingly sorry we all are to leave it. It has become like home, and we have been so well looked after, the food so good and everything so nicely done! We cannot speak too highly of everything and everyone connected with our tourist train. Other trains de luxe, I believe, take their passengers on to Agra, after staying in Delhi for a few days, but we are all booked for the North and find it more convenient to see Agra on our return.

One thing I must add. It seems an impression is abroad that we are Cook's Tourists. Emphatically we are not. We are a party of distinguished Americans travelling under the auspices of Messrs. Raymond and Whitcomb, tourist agents of America; and don't you forget it. Their representative is the ever smiling and amiable Captain Akin Higgins whom I hope you will meet some day.

F. P.

ONE of the divisions of the Edinburgh Court of Session had just commenced the day's proceedings when the sound of a merry whistle was heard. A macer was despatched to find the whistler and restrain his levity, but the whistling ceased, and a spirited rendering of "The Reason Why I Wear a Kilt" was given instead. The song ceased with an abruptness which suggested that the macer had located the singer. It appears that strains had reached the court by means of a ventilating shaft, and the light-hearted vocalist in the region below had no thought of his auditors in the chambers above.

ROME AND MODERNISM.

FRESH DECLARATION BY THE POPE.

Excommunication for Offenders.

INCREASING "INDEX" PROMISED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

A Papal *motu proprio* has been issued, reiterating the declarations against Modernism contained in the Syllabus of July 18th and the Encyclical of September 16th. It threatens those disregarding them with excommunication and other penalties and urges the Episcopacy to use the utmost vigilance against books of modernist tendencies.

POLITICS IN PORTUGAL.

Notable Progressists Join Republicans.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 20.

Telegrams from Lisbon state that three Progressist Peers have joined the Republican Party.

The Progressist Journal "Correiodonoite" has been suspended.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

Three more leading newspapers in Lisbon have been suspended.

LATER.

It is noticeable that the Portuguese Minister for War is making numerous inspections of garrisons, while the King is participating in various Military functions. It is believed that the Army heartily supports the King.

ELECTIONS IN ORANGIA.

First Parliament.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

In the elections for the first Parliament of the Orange River Colony, the contest was practically confined to Bloemfontein, where the Constitutional or British party won four out of five seats. The country districts voted solidly Dutch, as the party cleavage between British and Dutch was very slight.

The nominated Council consists of six Dutch and five British members.

MR. CHURCHILL'S TOUR.

Indians in Uganda.

A POTENTIAL SUPPLY MARKET.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 20.

Mr. Winston Churchill, addressing the Indian Chamber of Commerce at Entebbe, paid a tribute to the honourable part played by Indians in developing the country.

Speaking at the Governor's banquet he declared that many of the raw materials required for home industries could be supplied by Uganda.

THE OLDHAM COTTON DISPUTE

Men Accept the Mayor's Conference.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 20.

The men have accepted the invitation of the Mayor of Oldham to a conference with the masters.

THE GERMAN BUDGET.

Heavy Borrowing Expected.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

The German Budget amounts to a total of £137,800,000, being an increase of £8,000,000. It provides for a loan of £13,000,000 and for an issue of Treasury Bonds not exceeding £17,800,000.

FIRE ON "CITY OF AGRA."

Cargo Damaged by Water.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

A fire broke out on the "City of Agra" at Tilbury. It was suppressed, but the tea, jute and grain in the after-hold were damaged by water.

THE MUTINY DINNER.

General Support.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

Prominent Mutiny officers continue to join the Mutiny Dinner Committee.

A FATAL LANDSLIP.

Sixteen Navvies Killed.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

Eighteen Italian navvies were overwhelmed by a landslip near Cannes. Only two were extricated alive.

THE "PERSIA."

LONDON, NOVEMBER 20.

Lloyd's Agent at Perim telegraphs that the "Persia's" propeller has worked loose. Divers are tightening it and she is expected to sail to-morrow.

OFFICER KILLED AT POLO.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

A telegram from Cairo states that Captain Roberts of the Egyptian Army has been killed while playing polo.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET.

M. C. C. Draw with Victoria.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

A telegram from Melbourne states that the match between Victoria and the M. C. C. was drawn

FINANCIAL SITUATION IN U. S. A.

More Currency Wanted.

RENEWED UNEASINESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

Advices from New York state that owing to the widespread demands, the premium on currency rose suddenly from 1½ to 3, resulting in disorder in the Exchange Market, and causing renewed uneasiness.

TRIAL OF AN ITAILIAN EX-MINISTER.

Alleged Dishonesty.

A ROWDY TRIAL.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

Uproarious scenes occurred yesterday at the trial of the Italian ex-Minister Nasi, who is charged with dishonesty during his tenure of office, owing to the interruptions of Senators hostile to the accused.

Nasi's counsel and the President exchanged strong language and the counsel finally withdrew, abandoning the defence.

NAVAL PREPAREDNESS.

Lord Charles Beresford's Opinion.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

Lord Charles Beresford made a remarkable speech before the Salters Company on the preparedness of the Navy. He concluded :—"If any country provokes a War our practical preparedness will pulverise it."

In the course of his speech Lord Charles Beresford emphasized that it was not battleships but the human element which won. He pointed out Nelson's example and said that Nelson and his Captains were like brothers.

THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL CONTRACT.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 21.

Telegrams from Melbourne state that the Senate has approved the Mail Contract with the Orient Company.

THE VICEROY'S COUNCIL.

Madras Non-Official Member.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 21.

The Hon'ble Nawab Sayed Mahomed, Bahadur, was to-day unanimously re-elected additional Member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council by the non-official members of the Madras Legislative Council.

DEATH OF MISS LATTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, NOVEMBER 21.

I regret to report the death of Miss Lucy Latter, who was found dead in her room at the West End Hotel at 6-30 this morning. Miss Latter had completed about half of her six months' agreement with the Mysore Government as Instructress in the Kindergarten methods of education. She was specially training teachers, and had intended to open classes in Mysore this week after closing those she had conducted in Bangalore.

Miss Latter was about forty-two years old. Death is attributed to syncope of the heart due to gout. She came out here after a lengthy experience in England and did excellent work in spite of considerable disadvantages. She won the esteem of many friends here, to whom the news of her death has come as a great shock.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY : ARRIVALS, November, 21.—Maclean, Lt., E. Surrey Regiment, from Mhow.
Acton, Lt., Col., J. A., Genl's Dept., from England.
Macquoid, Major, 20th D. Horse, England.
Vincent, Major, 37th Lancers, from Mhow.
Phythian-Adams, Lt., 80th Infty., from England.
Westropp, Col., S. and T. Corps, from Poona.
Ashworth, Lt., O. C. Dept., from Madras.
Delamain, Lt., Col., 123 Rifles, from England.
Marsden, Lt., 84th Pioneers from England.
McK.Crichton, Capt., 103 M. L. I., from England.
Unwin, Col., 21st Cavalry, from England.
Warren, Lt., Col., 3rd Brahman, from England.
Forsyth, Lt., R. G., from Bareilly.
Adams, Major-Genl., I. A., from England.
Roberts, Lt., 4th Gurkhas, from England.
Egerton, Col., Guides, from England.
Long, Lt., 16th Cavalry, from England]
Gastrell, Col., I. A., from Shanghai.
Waldron, Lt., Col., 16th Cavalry, from Shanghai.
Skipwith, Capt., 5th Gurkhas, from Shanghai.
Stockley, Major, D. A. A. G., from Calcutta.

DEPARTURE, NOVEMBER 20.—Kepper, Capt., R.E., to England.
Acton, Lieut.-Col., J. A., Genl's Dept., to Poona.
Adams, Major-Genl., J. A., to D. I. Khan.
Turner, Lieut., Warwick Regt., to England.
Waldron, Lieut.-Col., 16th Cavalry, to D. I. Khan.
Skipwith, Capt., 5th Gurkhas, to Abbottabad.
Milman, Lt., R. A., to Attock.
Taylor, Capt., 39th Gurkhas, to England.
Chaplin, Major, 8th Cavalry, to Umballa.
Stockley, Major, D. A. A. G., to Calcutta.

ARMY BALL AT LUCKNOW

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 21.

The Army Ball at Chulter manzil last night was a great success. Bright uniforms and suitable military decorations made a brilliant scene. Sir John, Lady and Miss Hewett were present as also the principal residents of the Civil Station Cantonments and a number of visitors.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF EAST BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 21.

Sir Lancelot Hare received addresses yesterday at Gaunati from the Municipality and Local board.

CALCUTTA STRIKE ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 21.

Mr. Weston to-day examined a numbers of tramway witnesses in connection with the C ittarpur.

THE VICEROY IN BURMA.

Splendid Reception in Rangoon.

SPEECHES BY LORD MINTO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 21.

The Viceroy arrived in Rangoon an hour later than the advertised time on board the R.I.M.S. "Dufferin." Immediately Lord and Lady Minto and Lady Vjolet Elliot stepped ashore, the 3rd class cruiser *Perseus* fired a Royal salute.

At the landing place, which was appropriately decorated, His Excellency was received by the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma and a glittering assembly of the Military and Officials representing the Public Service.

Upon coming on to the Strand Bank off the pantoon the Guards of Honour supplied by detachments from the "Perseus" and the Port Defence Volunteers was inspected by the Viceroy who was received with a general salute, the Band playing.

This over, Their Excellencies were conducted to the Reception Pandal in which were seated a dense gathering representing all classes in Rangoon. Four beautiful bouquets were presented to Lady Minto, Lady Violet Elliot, Lady White and Miss White by children of the prominent native citizens.

Mr. Laurie, the Municipal President, then delivered the following brief Address on behalf of the inhabitants of Rangoon of every nationality :—

"We heartily welcome Your Excellency to Burma. We trust that Your Excellency and Lady Minto will thoroughly enjoy your visit to this province which is second to none in its loyalty to the Throne and will carry away with you the happiest memories of the country and its people. We pray that peace and prosperity, may attend Your Excellency's labours."

To this Address His Excellency made a brief reply; and referred to the inordinate delay that had been caused by stress of weather at Cocanada. He thanked the citizens of Rangoon most cordially for the welcome they had given him. He said he had heard of the splendid reception that was awaiting them on their arrival and he assured all present that he and Lady Minto had been looking forward to their visit to Burma with very pleasant anticipations. He could not tell them with what deep regret he had to apologise for the unexpected delay which had been due to stress of weather. He expressed the hope that he would have sufficient opportunities, while staying in the country, of making the acquaintance of the leading citizens of Rangoon and becoming acquainted with many questions with which the various sections of the different communities were connected. His Excellency concluded by thanking the citizens on behalf of himself and Lady Minto for the very cordial welcome they had given them on their first visit to the province.

The citizen Address of welcome was presented in a magnificent casket which was formed by a most delicately carved elephant's tusk resting on a beautiful frosted silver work, typical of the Burmese art.

Their Excellencies were then conducted to Government House and as they drove along they were heartily cheered. Immediately the cortege turned into the Strand Road a blaze of colour met their view and as they drove through the densely crowded street beneath a series of magnificent archways, with bunting galore, fluttering from every building, and packed windows they were lustily cheered all along till the portals of Government House were reached.

The reception was cordial and spontaneous, and at every archway erected by the various native communities Their Excellencies received choice bouquets and the hearty wishes of all sections of the population.

No less than ten thousand children were massed in a pandal specially got up for their accommodation and as Their Excellencies drove through this singularly striking spectacle they received the most cordial greetings and were manifestly much impressed by the picturesqueness of the children's variety of dress.

To-morrow the illuminations will take place in Dalhousie Park on a resplendent scale.

The following is the Viceroy's reply to the Address from the Reception Committee in Rangoon :—

"Gentlemen,—I thank you sincerely for the cordiality of the welcome you have extended to Lady Minto and myself on behalf of all nationalities of the inhabitants of Rangoon.

"I have heard from many independent sources of the splendid and lavish preparations your Reception Committee has made for our arrival and I assure you we have looked forward to our visit to Burma with the keenest pleasure and, gentlemen, I cannot tell you how very much we regret the unfortunate delay in our voyage, for I am well aware of the serious inconvenience it must have caused, and only hope that you will be able to explain that stress of weather rendered our departure from Cocanada as we had intended, quite impracticable, whilst the difficulty of landing must have sorely tried the patience of those assembled here.

"Now that we have at last come into port I trust that with your indulgence our unpunctuality may be forgiven and that during our stay amongst you we may become personally acquainted with your leading citizens and may have some opportunity of gaining an insight into the many questions in which the various classes of the community are interested.

"Lady Minto and I will always remember the hearty welcome we have received on our first arrival in your beautiful country.

LATER.

To-day the Viceroy and party visited Shivedagon Pagoda which is the principal shrine in the Province and possesses a wealth of sacred relics of the Great Buddha whose effigies are cast in bronze and marble and are held so sacred as to cause devout Buddhists to erect near them most elaborate structures which are remarkable for the delicacy with which the carved work has been executed.

Their Excellencies the Earl and Lady Minto were cordially received at the foot of the Pagoda by the trustees who made elaborate preparations for their reception and gave them an opportunity of seeing and appreciating the many interesting curiosities with which the Pagoda abounds.

This afternoon a most successful garden party was held in the grounds of Government House. To-night the masses are flocking to Dalhousie Park to view the illuminations which have been arranged on a grand scale at a cost of Rs. 20,000. The Rangoon Boat Club will be "At Home" to their Excellencies who will be rowed across the Lake from the pavalion to the Boat Club.

To-morrow morning at 8 the Viceroy will arrive at Keighly Street Jetty of the new Port Works. In the afternoon there will be a race meeting, and ball at Government House at 9-40. On Saturday morning at 9 His Excellency will visit the Bombay Burma Trading Corporation's Timber Yard; in the evening at 4 o'clock there will be a boat race at the Royal Lakes; informal dinner at Government House at 8-15. The departure from Rangoon will be made private on Sunday morning at 9.

The detailed programme of the Viceregal party's Upper Burma Tour already reported stands good.

LORD MINTO AND HYDERABAD.

Thanks to the Minister.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, NOVEMBER 21.

His Excellency Sir Kishen Pershad, Bahadur, Prime Minister, to His Highness the Nizam has been the recipient of the following letter from His Excellency the Viceroy prior to leaving Hyderabad :—Falaknamah Castle. November, 5th 1907 :—

Dear Maharaja, I must send you a few lines before leaving Hyderabad to tell you how much Lady Minto and I have enjoyed our visit and to thank you for all the trouble I know that you have taken in the arrangements for our comforts. I can assure you it has been a great pleasure to me to have had an opportunity of meeting a Minister who has, I know, served the Nizam with so much loyalty and self-effacement.

Believe me, Dear Maharaja.
Yours truly,
(Sd.) MINTO.

THE BOMBAY MUNICIPAL Corporation yesterday resolved to record the Commissioner's memorandum forwarding the Executive Health Officer's report on the history of plague in Bombay from 1896 to 1907 and to convey the thanks of the Corporation to Dr. Turner for the report.

THE E. I. R. STRIKE.

Dislocation of Traffic.

PASSENGERS DETAINED AT ASANSOL.

PEACE MISSION FROM CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 21.

The *Statesman* publishes a series of interesting telegrams from Asansol reporting much congestion in that station owing to the crowds of Indian and European passengers detained there by the strike.

A force of Native Police has arrived and beyond such petty incidents as the looting of some vegeables by hungry Pathan passengers order appears to be being maintained. Arrangements are being made by the District authorities for the feeding of the Indian passengers and the Europeans are sleeping in the trains and are being fed in the refreshment rooms.

Two deaths from cholera are said to have occurred amongst the Indian passengers, but this is not confirmed.

Mr. Monteith of the firm of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Company, two Port Commissioners of Calcutta and Mr. Allen, Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation, left Calcutta by motor car this morning for Burdwan whence they will proceed by train to interview the strikers at Asansol. Their mission is entirely unofficial, but representing, as they do, one of the largest of the commercial houses of business here and those two in dependent and immensely important orga isations, the Port Trust and the Municipality, their thus proceeding to endeavour to eliminate misunderstand ng in this unfortunate dispute can operate only for good.

The combined Punjab and Bombay train despatched from Howrah Station last night, experienced some difficulty in getting off. But once it was started it went forward without mishaps. At Bandel eight convenanted Guards had resumed work on police protection being afforded and the train was taken on to Burdwan and thence it passed on to the Loop Line where it is now going forward.

To-day representations have arrived from various other individuals to be allowed to resume work and the Burdwan strikers have asked for and obtained premission for two representatives each from that station, Bandel and Howrah, to meet the Locomotive Superintendent. This meeting is to take place at Raniganj whether Mr. Tomyns Brown is to be conveyed by a Special engine which is being sent up to Asansol for the purpose.

No. 8 Down Express from Umballa got in here this morning via the Loop. The strikers, here say it was allowed to pass because it contained Lord Kitchener's baggage. But this is so far, unconfirmed. The ordinary Punjab Mail has not arrived and the report that the strike has been joined by members of the Locomotive Branch at Delhi and Cawnpore proves to be correct.

To-day fifty Military Police from Howrah were placed on duty at the Baman Gachi shops (outside Calcutta) to prevent interference with non-strikers and protect the signals and the line, their place at Howrah being taken by a contingent from Alipore Other arrangements are also being made to protect property and to secure non-strikers from coercion.

Trains on the East Indian Railway are now proceeding under police guard and a Company of the Leinster Regiment has gone up the line to assist in keeping order.

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 21.

The strike on the East Indian Railway has been extending rapidly during the last twenty-four hours. Men at Moghul Serai struck on Tuesday and those at Allahabad, who had at first appeared to be unaffected by the movement started from Asansol, joined in at midday on Wednesday. Their fellows at Ghaziabad have followed the same course and the strike is now general at Cawnpore also. Nevertheless, the principal Mail trains have been running through somehow.

The Howrah-Kolka Mail reached Allahabad on Wednesday evening some seven hours late having travelled by the loop line and was despatched on to the Punjab.

The Calcutta-Bombay Mail also arrived and was despatched and despite the dissuasions of the strikes a fresh Driver and Guard took their places and re-started the train for Jubbulpore.

The Down Mail from the Punjab to Howrah reached Allahabad punctually and was despatched onward again, but how it has fared after getting to Moghul Serai is not known. At that station there is a big block and amongst the traffic held up are horses of the Viceregal Body Guard on their way to Calcutta and also a great deal of the Commander-in-Chief's baggage.

All goods bookings have been suspended until further notice.

Commenting on the strike, the "Pioneer" says :—The men at Asansol, Jamalpur and Howrah were of course well aware of the mischief that it lay in their power to do. It is idle to blame them for taking advantage of the situation. The essence of the strike is to get better terms for oneself by force of making things unpleasant for other people. If the act is legitimate at all, it is as right to strike hard as to strike gently, and if the consequences fall as much on the public as the Company, public impatience and exasperation is one of the strongest forces that can be brought to bear upon the Management to induce them to make the demanded concession.

Circumstances, among which is the fact of our having continued to maintain the capital of the country in a wrong place, have combined to put enormous leverage in the hands of a little knot of inconsiderable persons to advance their private ends. The sight of the effect of its employment even for fortyreight hours has been too much for the constancy of others. They had shown by their quiescence that they had nothing to complain of, but the temptation of bettering themselves, mixed no doubt with some feeling of comradeship by making the movement general and irresistible, has been too much for them.

We cannot complain if men of this class put self interest first, and if we do complain it will not alter matters.

What this strike makes clear, as the threatened railway strike at home has just made clear to the English public, is that as there is no analogy between railway company and a private manufacturing concern, so the liberty allowed to employes of the latter of combining for their private interests is nothing but mischievous when extended to the former. A railway employe is virtually a servant of the State, and his striking should be put as much out of the question as the striking of soldiers or sailors.

Legally, we believe, a Driver who refuses to take on a train conveying Government Mails is guilty of a criminal offence and renders himself liable to heavy punishment. But when the provision has been treated as a dead letter, to revive its rigours against one or two individuals would be merely to create so many martyrs.

The mischief lies in the combination and that is the point which the remedy must reach.

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 21.

The Railway Guards at Allahabad submitted a petition asking why allowances have been cut down of late without any apparent reason mentioning cases of Relieving Guards sent to out-stations to relieve Station Masters and men on work trains doing shunting work at roadside stations, also of Guards worked out of course to all of whom allowances are due but not received. The Petition, it is stated, has been ignored, and the Guards also, it is reported, have struck.

Although up to late last evening no news had been received of the E. I. R. strikes extending beyond Allahabad the Traffic Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, has issued an order to the Station Staff, Lucknow advising passengers that Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway could not guarantee journeys beyond the junction stations. In the same way consignors of parcels and goods were warned. Great confusion prevails here in consequence of no dak having been received from Calcutta and stations "en route" since Tuesday; also goods are not delivered. Lucknow is completely cut off from Calcutta except by wire and being the Army Cup week it makes the confusion worse confounded.

The "Indian Daily Telegraph" representatative interviewed the Oudh and Rohilkhand men here. They have not, they say, been approached to join the strike and that there was little likelihood of their participating but they sympathised freely with the strikers. It is significant of their attitude that they said they were resolved in no way to assist the E. I Railway in running the trains.

It is reported that Cawnpore hands have joined the strikers and work is at a standstill there.

There is a considerable feeling here and in Cawnpore in favour of the strikers many of whose grievances it is felt are genuine and the hope is expressed that the officials will give way and save the public further loss and inconvenience.

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 21.

Owing to the strike on the East Indian Railway, Simla is now completely cut off from the plains One train appears to have come into Kalka yesterday bringing letters and papers from places as far East as Allahabad. But to-day nothing has arrived. A telegram from Kalka says no trains are starting from or expected at Kalka, as there is a general strike the whole way from Kalka to Calcutta.

A notice has been issued that no booking of goods or passengers to places on E. I. Railway is possible. The difficulty of course lies in the line between Kalka and Amballa where there is only a single line of the E. I. Railway, and efforts are being made to start a tonga or motor service between those two points so as to connect with the North West Service. In the meantime crowds of passengers went down in to-day's train with no prospect of getting beyond Kalka, while the English Mail letters are being despatched at 4 p. m. in the hopes that they will get through and catch the steamer.

PRESS OPINIONS

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 21.

Discussing the railway strike "Capital" urges the acceptance of such a settlement as shall put an end to the smouldering discontent of the past two years.

The "Indian daily News" advocates the reference of the matters under dispute to arbitration.

The "Empire" says nothing reasonable should be left undone to bring the deadlock as quickly as possible to an end.

The following comunication, received by the Agent of the E. I. R. in Calcutta has been issued to the Press to-day from the General Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants :—

"Calcutta telegrams to Bombay papers state that I am at the bottom of the strike. Such is not the case. He knew absolutely nothing of the contemplated move until the last moment and commediately advice was not adopted by the employers.

The Traffic Manager of the G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, yesterday heard from the East Indian Railway asking them to stop booking all classes of coaching and goods traffic until further orders.

PETITION OF THE DRIVERS.

A petition which has reached the "Indian Daily Telegraph" and which was recently presented to the Locomotive Superintendent at Jamalpur, gives very full particulars of the grievances of the Locomotive Department. The men demand that the maximum salaries of drivers should be raised to what they were in former years, viz. Goods Rs. 220; Passenger, Rs 240 and Mail grade, Rs. 260 and that all drivers in the Company's service, whether engaged in England or India, should receive their increments on the same scale. The minimum salary of drivers should be Rs 120 and if the Company desire to work shunters as drivers, they must be promoted accordingly temporary driving and shunting on the rupee system to be abolished Drivers may be called upon to pass an examination in the Vacuum brake any time after they have received their increase to Rs. 140 and the examination at present known as a first-class driver's examination, is to be held when a driver applies for his increase to Rs. 200, and then the driver must be examined only by certain stated officials. Drivers to be paid their overtime on the hour system when long hours on duty. Native drivers are not to be utilised for the passenger services on the main line, chord line or grand chord line and on promotion of native shunters to passenger drivers on branch lines their maximum salary should be Rs. 70.

Drivers are not to be held responsible for collisions or derailments in locomotive sheds, where the Bhar line is not protected at both ends by fixed signals and where pointsmen are not employed to man points, and all sheds should be fitted up with signals on the same principle as at Asansol. In consequence of the present friction between European drivers and native firemen it is suggested that all benefits conferred on the latter should in future depend on the driver's recommendation. The drivers object strongly to Police interference at accidents, they may make any enquiries they choose, but must not interfere with driver, as it is hardly probable that he will abscond, and his Provident Fund should be considered sufficient bail for him. If a driver is prosecuted by the Company and is eventually acquitted, the Company are to refind all expenses and to give him full pay and an employee appearing as a witness on behalf of the Company should have all his expenses defrayed. The salary of Locomotive Foremen should be Rs. 400, rising to Rs 500, with free quarters, in order to make the post more attractive for old and experienced drivers Fitters are not to be selected to fill any vacancies as running-shed foremen, and all the present foremen, who were not first class goods drivers at the time of their appointment, should be reverted to their former grade. The drivers object to the interference of Inspectors, as they consider themselves quite competent to take charge of an engine. They also think that a more competent Inspector should in future be selected to represent the Department at joint enquiries, the finding of some of the recent cases, especially those at Burdwan, being sufficient proof that the Inspector is incompetent.

The Rest Rooms require to be thoroughly overhauled before being rendered fit for occupation. A revised and proper system of fines should be instituted Fines should not affect a man's increase of salary, and for proved instances of neglect on the part of a driver resulting in damage to the machinery, the fine should not exceed Rs. 10. European and East Indian servants should in future be entitled to the same leave while sick and to the same privilege leave and casual leave on full pay. East Indian employees should be entitled to nine months' furlough on half pay after nine years' service and to every subsequent period of furlough on the same conditions as Europeans

It is also desired that the Secretary of State for Indian should be approached with the object of having the income-tax at present levied on the overtime of drivers abolished. It is further represented that the treatment accorded the men at enquiries and on other occasions by official superiors, is neither just nor fair. They are spoken to as so many coolies and are threatened with dismissal. They are willing to be reprimanded and, it necessary punished for grave faults, but it must stop there. It is also desired that when a man is dismissed from the service or resigns with under three years service, the bonus for the current half-year should only be deducted from his provident fund, and not the whole of the bonus contributed during the man's service, as is the present system.

WEDDING AT POONA.

Clabby—Trevor—Roper.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, NOVEMBER 21.

A very pretty wedding took place at St. Paul's Church, Poona, yesterday, when Miss Violet Trevor-Roper Daughter of the late Mr. J. E. Trevor-Roper and Mrs. G. E, Trevor-Roper of Penywern, Mold, N. Wales, was married to Mr. W. G Clabby, Indian Police. The ceremony was performed by Reverend J. E Sellar. The Bride looked charming in her white satin dress trimmed with silver embroidery and wore a tulle veil over a wreath of orange blossoms. She was given away by her brother-in-law, Mr. F H. Vincent, of the Indian Police. Mr. F. J. Lowman, J. P., was bestman. The bridesmaids, the Misses Marjory and Joan McIver wore white muslin dresses and veronique caps and gold bangles the gift of the bridegroom. A reception was subsequently held at Mr. and Mrs. Vincent's bungalow at Bhambhurda when Mr. Kennedy Inspector-General of Police, proposed the health of the happy pair who left shortly after for Khandalla, where they will spend the honeymoon. The bride's travelling dress was a pale blue voile trimmed with cream lace and a hat to match.

MR. A. C. LOGAN.

Commisioner of Bombay Customs

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, NOVEMBER 21.

The Honorable Mr. A. C. Logan, I. C. S. who has been appointed Commissioner of Customs, Bombay has handed over charge as Commissioner, Central Division, to Mr. W. Doderet and leaves Poona on Saturday to take up his new appointment

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THE GAME OF BRIDGE.

(BY "CUT-CAVENDISH.")
The Author of "How to Win at Bridge,"
"Popular Bridge Player," &c.

VII.—DEALER AND THE PLAY OF THE HAND.

I AM this week set the formidable task of squeezing, so far as it be humanly possible, a quart measure into a pint pot. There is, in fact, so much for the dealer to assimilate that we must get on with the work without further preface.

No sooner have Dummy's cards come up than the dealer had better carefully weigh the forces at his command, and depict in his mind's eye some plan of campaign. He may have to shift his ground as the hand progresses, but this is ten thousand times to be preferred than mooning along in an aimless fashion.

He can very soon form a fairly accurate estimate as to the trick-making properties of his combined hands. Some cards are good for certain tricks, others may also be turned to account. Much must depend on the disposition of the cards belonging to the opposing side. As usual, the score has to be consulted, and if the game cannot be lost, the dealer proceeds to see if it can be won. Here it is that he will find the art of finessing of inestimable service, a finesse, be it added, being an attempt to take a trick with a card which is not the highest held, nor in sequence with it.

Before attempting a finesse, however, the dealer should be assured that the experiment is well worth his while, for success will not follow on its heels as a matter of course. On the other hand, he will occasionally find the finesse an absolute necessity. It may be the only method open to him of winning the game, whilst again it will sometimes help him to establish a long suit or preserve a card of re-entry. I suppose I need hardly remind the reader that the finesse should be made through the strong hand and not the weak.

POINTS TO REMEMBER.

Some little points to remember in connection with finessing are:—(1) Never finesse if the game can be won or saved by playing a winning card whereas the finesse may possibly let you down. (2) Whenever it be feasible leave your finesse to the second round of a suit: the fall of the cards to the first trick may clear all danger away. (3) When afforded the opportunity of finessing into either hand, finesse into that hand whence you would rather the lead sprung in the event of failure attending your efforts.

Let us suppose that the dealer is engaged in the pressing home No Trumps. He knows to a nicety where his strength lies. If it be possible, he tries to win the game, but sometimes he will be hard pushed to save it. As a general rule his brightest prospects of success lie in his early establishment of a long suit. His opponents will be forced to discard thereon and the information the dealer will gain by observing these discards may easily point the way to a successful finesse. His opponents, we will argue, discard from weakness. Consequently, if his left hand companion be busily engaged discarding and Diamonds the dealer may take it for granted that his Diamonds are of comparatively small value.

But the dealer will every now and then find himself on the defensive even to a No Trumps declaration. A suit may be led of which he has two small cards in the one hand and Ace to three in the other. Should he be none too strong and round he may deem it desirable to hold up the command of such suit till the third round. This he would do by retaining the Ace till the last. By this step he may prevent the suit in question from being established against him, as the leader's partner on getting in may not have a card of the suit left to give the original leader, whilst the latter may possess no card of re-entry in any of the other suits. The manœuvre may, therefore, have saved the leader from an additional loss of two or three tricks.

As to discards the dealer has little to trouble him. The fact that he knows exactly what cards are arrayed on his side must save him from any very serious difficulty. He has no partner whom he may mislead, and is not the slave of any arbitrary convention, but his own master. Consequently, he take care not to unguard a suit or to discard what may eventually prove to be a winning card.

FALSE-CARDING.

Like the finesse, false-carding is a very formidable weapon in the hands of the dealer. Properly-speaking, it serves a two-fold purpose in its aim to mislead the opposition. A false-card is really played with the intention of leading the allies to continue or discontinue a certain suit at the will of the dealer. For example, should the latter hold Ace and King of a suit he wishes led him again, he would take the trick with the Ace, by which means one of the dealer's adversaries would place the King of the suit with his partner rather than with the dealer, and on getting in would be more inclined to continue the suit

Should the dealer's object be to frighten the allies off a suit, not a rare occurrence as the result of a suit declaration, other tactics have to be observed. Take the following illustration as an instance. Hearts are trumps, and a Club has been led. The dealer and Dummy each hold three cards of the suit, the former's highest card being the Knave, Dummy's strength being nil. The dealer throws the Knave on the second trick, hoping by so doing that the leader fearing a trump on the third round of his Clubs will change the suit, thereby enabling the dealer to discard his losing Club later on in the day.

Having made an attacking suit declaration, the dealer had better get out trumps as early in the hand as possible. His length in trumps should give him a great advantage, for with the enemy's trumps once out of the way, the dealer will be afforded the opportunity of establishing a lengthy plain suit, an achievement which should help him to many a victory. At the same time he will generally be left with a small trump or two in his own hand as a wholesome check to any attack the allies may bring against him. But as in the old days of Whist one often comes across players who would religious nurse their trumps, so at Bridge there are some misguided and mortals who, having made an attack suit declaration cannot be prevailed upon to lead out trumps. Over and over again high cards in their plain suits are summarily trumped by members of the opposition, yet they will never learn wisdom. As may be imagined much depends on which hand the dealer opens trumps from as he cannot expect to find trump strength in both his hands. At last he will be a lucky man if he does. On getting in, therefore, he may have to commence operations in a plain suit so as to get the lead into the right hand for running a finesse through the other. A finesse in the trump suit often falls to the lot of the dealer.

A GAME OF EXCEPTIONS.

That Bridge is a game full of exceptions helps to make it the splendid game it is and the inevitable exception may be applied to the dealer and trumps. Thus the dealer would not fetch out trumps at once could he see his way to utilising one or more little trumps in his weaker hand or should the chance of establishing a "cross" ruff arise.

Of course, if your declaration be doubled, or belong to the defensive order, you must use your own discretion as to what suit to lead once you get in. Fortunately everything cannot be governed by rule of three. There is still plenty of scope for initiative on the part of a player.

A point that the dealer has to keep constantly before him is that of placing the lead at the right time and in the right place. Nothing can be more aggravating than holding several winning tricks in a hand in which you cannot place the lead there being no card of re-entry. If after establishing a long suit you cannot bring it in your energies have been wasted on the desert air.

Ludicrous are the mistakes which can be made by the dealer in this direction, carelessness rather than judgment being often mostly to blame. Let me close my paper with an example of what I mean. The call is No Trumps, and the dealer has Ace, King, and another Diamond, in which suit Dummy holds Queen, Knave ten to five, with no other card of re-entry. Thoughtlessly the dealer plays his little Diamond to the first trick, and instead of bagging five tricks in the suit he only makes three. Nothing could be more annoying, and that the fault is entirely due to one's own careless bungling does not relieve one's feeling in the slightest. Your partner, too has probably long since lost the power of speech which may be regard as a dispensation of Providence.

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THE BATTLE OF PLASSEY.

Contemporary Mahomedan Account.

DESCRIPTION IN THE SIYUR MUTAKHERIN.

We gave some time ago on the hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Plassey, last June, a highly interesting account of that battle by a contemporary Englishman who was at the time in Bengal, Edward Ives. To-day on the anniversary of the death of Clive, the hero of Plassey, we give another contemporary account of that battle, which is still more interesting as it is written by a Mahomedan nobleman who had closely observed the English conquests in Bengal of which he wrote an historical narrative in 1780. This is the *Siyarul Mutakherin* or "Review of Modern Times," a celebrated Persian history of India. Its last part treats of the English in Bengal, and the deeds of such men as Clive and Warren Hastings. It is highly interesting to see a Mahomedan writer narrate the deeds of Englishmen which in the end overturned the dominion of his race in India. Ghulam Husain Khan, for such is the name of this Persian historian, writes on the whole very fairly of the English, though he is not quite free from certain prejudices of his race and religion. Sir Henry Elliot says that "the testimony which Ghulam Husain bears to the merits of the English is on the whole creditable to them." Ghulam was at first engaged under the Moghul Government, and afterwards employed by our own, being much favoured by men like General Goddard. His Persian history was soon after its completion, translated into English in 1783 at Calcutta by a Frenchman named Raymond who had become Mahomedan and assumed the name of Haji Mustafa. It was a limited edition and of this, too, the main bulk was lost at sea in the ship which carried the copies to England. We retain in the following account the quaint spelling of proper names then prevalent, as it is interesting and will be easily identified. Raja for instance is Radja, and Mir Jafer Khan figures as Mir Djaafar Qhan.

"The Prince at the same time sent part of his forces to Palassy, under the command of Radja Dookhram, with orders to prepare an intrenched camp, and everything necessary for defence and war. That Commander thither, and in appearance, seemed busy in executing the orders he had received; but in fact he was only intent upon his own business; for he not only entered into a private agreement with the English, but added some articles to this treaty with Mir djaafer-qhan, whilst at the same time he was daily gaining to his party some officers amongst the troops he commanded, under promise of doing for them something according to their own wishes. The same manœuvre was likewise practised in town by Mir-djaafer-qhan, who now commenced to appear at Court, but always well accompanied. The defection became now so general, that it is credibly reported that by this time few men remained in their hearts attached to Seradj-ed-doulah; all the rest having been gained over by these two Commanders. The report being now spread that Colonel Clive had moved from Calcutta at the head of an army, this intelligence engaged that Prince to draw from his coffers that portion of cloth and money with which he had stuffed them. With visible reluctance of mind, and a heart big with grief and despondence, he quitted his palace of Manar-goundj, and marched with those troops in which he reposed a confidence, that is, those belonging to Mir-Medem, and to Radja Mohon-lal, and a few others, with which he arrived at Palassy. On the opposite side, Colonel Clive, with the troops of his own nation, and some bodies of Talingas, (the whole of his army not amounting to more than two or three thousand men), took post in the grove of Palassy, (121) where he showed himself in battle array. It was on a Thursday, the fifth of Shevval, in the year 1170; and there the fire of battle and slaughter, that had been hitherto kept alive under a heap of embers, now blazed out into flames. But as the nation of Hat-wearers have no equals in the art of firing their artillery and musquetry with both order and rapidity, they commenced such an incessant rain of balls and bullets, and such

wit's pressing messages, to Mohon-lal; who at last obeyed and retreated from the post to which he had advanced.

Verses:

"When the times become dark, and unprosperous for for a man,

"He never fails to do precisely what he ought not to have done."

This retreat of Mohon-lal's made a full impression on his troops. The sight of their General's retreat damped their courage; and having at the same time spied some parties which were flying (for they were of the complot), they disbanded likewise, and fled, every one taking example from his neighbour; and as the flight now had lost all its shame, whole bodies fled although no one pursued; and in a little time the camp remained totally empty. Soradj-ed-doulah informed of the desertion of his troops, was amazed; and fearing not only the English he had in his front, but chiefly the domestic enemies he had about his person, he lost all firmness of mind. Confounded by that general abandonment, he joined the runaways himself; and after marching the whole night, the next day at about eight in the morning arrived at his palace in the city. He had ordered that his principal Commanders should attend with their troops for the safety of his person, until he might take breath, and resolve on what he was to do next; but none attended to what he said, and every one, without ceremony, went to his own home; even Mirza-iredj-qhan, his father-in-law, did the same. In vain did the Prince lay his turban at his feet, and entreat him, for God's sake to remain with him, and to assemble some troops about his palace, that he might stay with safety, if staying should become proper; or depart with some decency, should flight become necessary. He would not hear, and he also quitted him under a variety of pretences, and went to his house. Soradj-ed-doulah abandoned by his troops, and deserted by his whole Court, resolved to retain some people at least about his person; and he ordered that whoever had any demand upon the treasury, should be immediately satisfied. Numbers immediately thronged into it, some for their arrears, and some for advances to help themselves out. Some others likewise, under a variety of pretences, crowded into it, and received as much as they pretended to; for orders had been given to reject no man; so that during the whole night the treasury was full of people, who took money on every pretence they could devise, and carried it home; but none remained with him notwithstanding that liberality; for he had mistaken the time when it was necessary, not only to abstain from acquiring gold and wealth, but also to spend that already heaped up in that house. He had never thought of being liberal, nor ever had entertained any thoughts about restraining either his tongue or hand from injuring or oppressing people; and now that the day of retribution was already at hand, the day when he was in his turn to suffer all kinds of miseries and all kinds of torments in his own person, he betook himself to a distribution of treasures.

MEMORIAL TABLETS IN ST. THOMAS'S CATHEDRAL.

THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It must have been noticed by not a few, that the slabs placed over the graves along the central aisle in St. Thomas's Cathedral, of many distinguished Members of the Naval and Military Services of bygone years, need immediate attention; if not, the lettering on the slabs will soon disappear by the weekly procession of worshippers who pass over them, and the graves will become nameless and the identification of those lying beneath them will be lost to history. There are about 12 graves in the central aisle; the majority of these want renewing by the letters on the slabs being deepened or being cut afresh, while there are about six graves near the Chancel which require similar treatment. Some of the Memorial Tablets also demand early attention as the lower portions have, in some, parted company with the upper, which might some day come down with a crash; besides, the marble is cracked. Others are in a similar state of neglect. All this could be now carried out as the venerable old building, which is a sort of a Westminister Abbey for Bombay and Western India, is undergoing certain alterations at the hands of the Trustees of the Cathedral who, if they look round, will soon find out what slabs and Memorial Tablets need to be attended to at once at no great cost which could, if necessary, be raised by a special collection in the Cathedral for this most praiseworthy object, unless Government relieve them of their anxiety and take up the work themselves. But why should this neglect of years be allowed to occur when the sacred State building with its contents are committed to the care of the Government for whom their devoted servants had nobly sacrificed their lives in serving their country in a foreign land, while the same Government have taken special precautions to protect historical buildings, &c.,—both Hindu and Mahomedan—by a lavish outlay in the creation of a special department under the Director-General of Archaeology in India? There are other graves in the compound of the Cathedral, of historical interest, also requiring early attention of the authorities.—Yours, etc.

OBSERVER.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Major H. F. Jacob, Political Agent, Fourth Grade, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with special leave for three months, with effect from the 25th November, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. A. R. Bonus, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Political Agent, Surat.

Mr. H. L. Painter, B.A. (Oxon.) I. C. S., on relief, to act as Political Agent, Aundh and Phaltan, vice Mr. S. R. Arthur, I. C. S., proceeding or leave or pending further orders.

Mr. F. E. Hardcastle, Consul for Nicaragua at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 5th November.

Mr. C. W. A. Turner, B. A. (Oxon.), I.C.S., on return to duty, to be Assistant Political Agent, Akalkot, vice Mr. O. Rothfeld, B. A. (Oxon.), I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. W. Greer, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmednagar is invested with power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes.

Mr. Archer Solwyn Holland, Mr. Peter McArthur Stewart, Mr. Frederick Trotter and Mr. John Court Curry to be Third Grade Assistant Superintendents of Police on probation and to report themselves to the Principal of the Central Police Training School at Bhamburda (Poona).

Lieutenant H. R. Dyer, 35th Scinde Horse, to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate at Jacobabad, in addition to his Military duties, vice Lieutenant J. P. Thompson.

Lieutenant Dyer is also appointed, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the Upper Sind Frontier District and will exercise the powers with which he is hereby invested within the limits of the Military Cantonment of Jacobabad.

Mr. H. L. Painter, B.A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., on relief, to act as Collector of Satara and to be memberand President of the Local Board establishe l for the Satara District vice Mr. S. R. Arthur, I.C.S., proceedingon leave, or pending further orders.

The Honourable Mr. R. P. Barrow, I. C. S, on relief, to act as Commissioner, Southern Division, vice the Honourable Mr. W. W. Drew, I. C. S., or pending further orders.

Mr. J. A. G. Wales, M.A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., on return from leave, to act as Collector of Broach and to be member and President of the Local Board established for the Broach District vice Mr. H. W. J. Bagnell, I. C. S., proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. C. W. A. Turner, B.A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Assistant Collector, Sholapur, vice Mr. O. Rothfeld, B.A (Oxon.), I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. Lowies A. Parker to be a member of the Boiler Inspection Examiners in Bombay vice Mr. Charles Anderson, resigned.

Bombay Volunteer, Artillery.—Lieutenant Bernard Triggs, Electrical Engineer Company, is transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 8th November.

The following promotion is ordered in the Superior Accounts Branch P. W. D. Mr. W. R. Stevenson to be Deputy Examiner, Class I., Temporary.

NOT ENOUGH RED ONES.

Look at your blood under a Microscope.

IN MODERN MEDICINE, one of the first things done to tell a person's condition, is to spread a drop of their blood on the microscopic plate and count the red corpuscles. It is now a known fact that in practically all disease, either those that have already appeared, or those that are approaching can be foretold largely by the number of corpuscles in the blood.

An anæmic person with pale skin, thin cheeks, hollow eyes, will not have one-fourth the number of red corpuscles. One of the best known tonics, for such conditions, one that is prescribed by practically every physician, is Prof. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS. This remedy has met with great success and is recommended by a number of the leading authorities. Prof. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS are a powerful tonic, appetizer, digestive, red blood and general strengthener for the whole physical system. They are very useful in all run-down conditions, or during convalescing after illness. Price Rs. 2 per box, of 40 Pills; V. P. P. extra.

Can be had of all Medicine Dealers. See that you get the genuine and don't accept substitutes. If you find any difficulty in getting from your dealer, please send your order to THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL Co., 156G., Market, Bombay, No. 2.

FIRE IN CUTLERY BAZAR.

Fifteen Shops Destroyed.

THREE LAKHS INVOLVED.

CONSIDERABLE excitement and consternation prevailed among the Memons and Boris living in Abdul Rahiman Street and Khokha Pazar last evening on an alarm of fire being given, at half-past six o'clock. A chawl belonging to Mr. Bhaisett and situated on the junction of Abdul Rahiman and Sarang Streets is occupied by Memon shopkeepers who deal in fancy goods and cutlery. Hussein Issa a large dealer occupied the first compartment and it being time to close the shop, he sent his servant to close the windows on the first floor. The servant went up and hardly had he shut one window when shopkeepers on the opposite side of the street raised an alarm of fire. Smoke was issuing from the upper floor which is used as a show-room and where embroiders were doing some work. Five minutes more and a blaze was seen, followed by volumes of smoke. A telephonic message was sent to the Fire Brigade stations and before any fire engine arrived the fire assumed a very serious aspect. The shopkeepers and residents of the locality tried their best to keep down the fire.

Abdul Rahiman Street and Cutlery Bazar form one of the densely populated parts of the native town and the people at once guessed how terrible would have been the results if the fire was allowed to rage unabated for five minutes more. Messrs. Mahamonbhai and Abdullabhai, brothers of Mr. Shurafally Mamuji who own large property next to the chawl, ran out with a number of their men and rendered very valuable assistance. Water was supplied from the tank in the Borah Musjid of Khokha Bazar and from the two big tanks of the large four-storeyed building of Mr. Abdullabhai Fazulbhai. This large supply of water available on the spot did the most timely work. The big building which overlooked the chawl had numbers of hands at the windows all pouring bucketfuls of water on the blazing building below. This considerably checked the fire from having all its own way.

The No. 12 fire engine from Bhuleshwar arrived first on the scene and began playing upon the burning chawl at once. The other "steamers" of the Fire Brigade soon followed and hose being applied from all directions, the fire was got into control in half an hour.

This considerably relieved the anxiety of all concerned. Because by this time fifteen shops with their respective store-rooms and warehouses had been destroyed, and if the fire was allowed to spread, Khokha Bazars where there are warehouses containing hundreds of empty dealwood cases, would have been fired. The anxiety was not without reason. These warehouses stood next to the fired chawl on the northern side, and on the south were two shops of dealers in arms and ammunition.

The Salvage Corps and the neighbours rendered very timely and valuable assistance and tried their best to save as much property as they could, but the combustible nature of the property and the gentle breeze which fanned the fire and made it burn more rapidly, caused a considerable amount of damage. The total damage is not yet fixed but it is believed, in all, the loss comes to over three lakhs of rupees.

The whole chawl, a one-storeyed building with fifteen compartments, was completely destroyed and the property in all these shops was mostly destroyed by fire and considerably damaged by the water.

The Fire Brigade had a very hard task in such a close locality and narrow street to confine the fire to the chawl without allowing it to spread to the neighbouring buildings. They at last succeeded in doing it, and by half past eight o'clock the fire was extinguished. The neighbours could, after complete two hours' anxious time, breathe freely.

The origin of the fire is not known and most of the fired shops are reported not to have been insured.

The principal sufferers are Joosub Haji Geega and Hussein Issa, but the following persons have also suffered: Haji Ahmed Haji Ibrahim, Juma Salemahomed, Ibrahim Haji Latiff, Ismail Hassam, Haji Jackeria Haji Suleman, Haji Sulemanji, Dada Abdul, Oosman Ahmed, Mahomed Haji Jusub, Mahomed Haji, Haji Mussa Ahmed, Alibhai Abdul Hussien, Abdul Tayeb Abdul Husien, and Haji Abu Haji Ahmed.

All these are dealers in fancy goods, toys, cutlery and umbrellas.

DECENTRALISATION COMMISSION.

Witnesses to be Examined in Madras.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 21.

The proceedings of the Decentralisation Commission will commence to-morrow and will be open to the public. The following witnesses will be examined during the Commission's sittings in Madras:—

Friday.—The Chief Secretary to Government and the Secretaries to Government in the Revenue and Local and Municipal Departments and two Secretaries from the Public Works Department, the Hon'ble Mr. J. N. Atkinson; Surgeon-General W. R. Browne.

Saturday:—The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Weir, the Hon'ble Mr. J. Andrew; Mr. R. H. Shipley; Mr. D W. G. Cowie, the Inspector General of Police; Dr A. G. Bourne, Director of Public Instruction; Colonel H. Thomson I. M. S. Sanitary Commissioner; Mr. N. MacMichael, President, Madras Corporation.

Monday:—Colonel J. Macnamara I. M. S., Inspector General of Prisons; Mr. E. A. Elwin, Collector, South Arcot; Mr. F. A. Lodge, Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle; Mr. N. Marjoribanks, Deputy Director of Land Records; Mr. Annasawmy Iyer, Deputy Collector, North Arcot, Mr. C. J. Higgs and Mr. A. C. Parthasarathy Naidu will also be examined on behalf of the Madras Trades Association.

Tuesday:—Mr. W. Francis, Collector of Malabar: Mr. H.F. Gillman, Collector of Madura; Mr. C.T.H. Johnson, Divisional Officer, Negapatam; Mr. T. N. Sivagnana Pillay, Deputy Collector, Namakal; Mr. H. G. Stokes, Divisional Officer, Pennkonda.

Wednesday will probably be devoted to non-official witnesses.

Thursday:—Khan Saheb Mahomed Azizuddin Saheb, Collector of South Canara; Mr. J. W. Bhose, Divisional Officer, Nanasaraopet. In addition to these official witnesses more may be examined. The Government have also written to several non-official gentlemen asking them if they are willing to give evidence. The delay in the selection of non-official witnesses has, we understand, been due to the recent illness of the Governor. Such other non-official gentlemen as wish to give evidence before the Commission are asked to send their names to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras.

DISTRESS IN NORTH INDIA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 21.

Ten lakhs of rupees have been sanctioned for takkavi advance in connection with the drought in the Central Provinces and arrangements have been made for the Government of India to assist those of the Central India States that may need it, half a lakh having been marked for this purpose.

The latest advices are encouraging so far as Central India and the Central Provinces are concerned. The area under rabi crops in the former region especially being larger and the condition of the plants better than was at first feared would be the case.

The acutely affected region in the Punjab is now likely to be confined to the Gurgaon and Rohtak Districts, Hissar and Canaul proving not to be so badly off.

On the other hand the case of United Provinces is as gloomy as ever, and a good deal of distress is also to be expected in Bengal.

Information from Rajputna is still imperfect.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

The races on Saturday next will be as follows and not as previously arranged:—

Ships Boat Race, Start at 3-25 p.m.

"A" Class Handicap, Start at 3-30 p.m.

"B" Class Handicap, Start at 3-35 p.m.

"C" Class Handicap, Start at 3-40 p.m.

"D" Class Handicap, Start at 3-45 p.m.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, NOVEMBER 21.

London, November 9—In connection with Mr. Hewins' acceptance of the tariff question challenge, issued by Mr. Asquith at Leven was wired last week, Mr. Asquith now publishes a reply intimating that his arguments were clearly and repeatedly stated in his speeches during the fiscal controversy and adds that his time is so fully occupied that he does not feel called upon to accede to the suggestion to restate and summarise them for Mr. Hewins' use Mr. Hewins in a further statement says Mr. Asquith's arguments are not supported by evidence and holds that while schemes for trade preference [submitted at the Colonial Conference were supported by the Tariff Commission tables it is unnecessary to secure absolute arithmetical equality of treatment of all the colonies and still less of all interests of each colony. He considers, however, that it is necessary to arrange such concessions as will just fy and make practicable reciprocal concessions to the mother-land making the "Empire" largely self-supporting.

Sleeping Sickness.

Doctor Koch who has spent eighteen months in the waters and islands of Lake Victoria Nyanza, Central Africa, declares that the tsetse fly sucks the blood of crocodiles and spreads the germs of the sleeping sickness along the streams and banks of the lake. He recommends the destruction of crocodiles by the removal of bushes where they lurk.

Explosion in Bourges Arsenal.

The bursting of melenite shells in the arsenal at Bourges, 144 miles south of Paris, yesterday, resulted in the death of seven artillerymen. Two others injured in the explosion are dying.

Compulsory Education in Abyssinia.

King Menelik of Abyssinia has decreed compulsory State education of all male children over twelve years of age.

Coal for the Pacific Fleet.

Glasgow steamers have been chartered to convey American coal for the Pacific cruise of the State's battleship fleet.

Admiral Evans speaking in New York at a banquet prior to his departure for the Pacific with the State's Fleet promised that Americans would not be disappointed whether the Pacific cruise meant peace, frolic or a fight when things get a little strenuous. He added—And you know you have eighty millions of people behind you. You like to see something done and it is bit hard if you all cannot to do it.

President Roosevelt is displeased with the indiscretion shown by Admiral Evans.

German Airship Stations.

Metz and Strasbourg, near the Franco-German frontier have been selected by the German war office as airship stations.

Scarlet Fever in London.

There are now 6,956 scarlet fever patients in the London hospitals which is a record number for the city.

Russian Revolutionists.

The headquarters of the Revolutionary Fighting Organization at Warsaw was discovered by the Russian Police. two hundred persons have been arrested and important documents and arms seized.

More Distoryers for Russia.

Russia has ordered the building of ten destroyers at the naval dockyards at Nikolaeiff, the headquarters of the Black Sea Fleet, costing 2,80,000 pounds and to be completed in three years.

Sebastopol Fleet Mutinous.

The condition of the Sebastopol Fleet is described as volcanic. Elaborate precautions have been taken to prevent an outbreak among them. Crews on warships have been redoubled since the Vladivostock mutiny.

Escape of Russian Prisoners.

Twenty-three Russian prisoners marching under an escort of eighteen soldiers near Tobolsk, Siberia, attempted an escape in the night from their quarters, notwithstanding that they had chains on their feet. Seizing carbines and cartridges the prisoners fought desperately in the darkness, Twenty-two of them were killed and the rest escaped. Three were recaptured.

Swiss Military Service.

Switzerland has ratified the new law throwing the chief burden of Military Service on young men of the nation.

Capital Punishment in France.

A referendum taken by a Paris daily newspaper with regard to the suspension of capital punishment has elicited 1412000 protests against the President's to frequent exercise of his prerogative of pardon, but 328000 votes were given in support of the President's attitude.

The Portland Claimant.

In connection with the claim of G. H. Druce to the dukedom of Portland, Robert Caldwell of New York, called by the claimant's Counsel, deposed that about 1,864 at the Duke of Portland's request he assisted him to organise a sham funeral and burial of Druce the grandfather of the claimant. In order to destroy evidences of dual personality, he said, lead was placed in the coffin to support the deception. Witness says he received 500 pounds for curing the bulbous nose from which the Duke suffered and similar sum for conducting the mock funeral. A number of witnesses depose they saw Druce many years after this.

Funeral Carriage Accident.

The funeral carriage conveying Vanhuys, Duty Ministry of State his wife, brother, and the latter's wife drove into a canal at Hoogkerk, Holland, in a fog.

Four of the occupants were drowned.

SUIT FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE.

Graham vs. Graham.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 21.

In the Madras High Court before Mr. Justice Boddam a petition for the dissolution of marriage preferred by F. J. Graham, District Traffic Superintendent, South Indian Railway at Trichinopoly, for the dissolution of his marriage with his wife, Katherine Bertha Graham, on grounds of her misconduct with H. S. Jacob, Assistant Auditor in the service of the same Railway came on for hearing. The issues were framed as to whether respondent was guilty of the acts alleged in the plaint; whether petitioner was guilty of cruelty and misconduct as alleged, and as to what relief petitioner was entitled.

The case stands adjourned for final disposal. The petitioner has been directed to furnish particulars, in writing of the dates and places of the acts of alleged misconduct, within ten days.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

History of Plague in Bombay.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon'ble Mr. Vithaldas D. Thakersey, the President, occupying the chair.

The Corporation resumed consideration of the Health Officer's report on the History of Plague in Bombay compiled by him.

Mr. Dhakji Kashinath, in commenting upon the report, advocated the necessity of giving the people greater facilities to go and live in camps. The members of his community had erected a camp at Marine Lines from subscriptions. The Health Officer notified to him that very day that the site would not now be available for the camp and that they should remove it from Marine Lines. The Health Officer had not suggested where to remove it and they were at a loss to find a site. He urged upon the authorities to give facilities to the people to live in sanitary camps.

Dr. S. S. Bottlewalla observed that the Health Officer's report on the plague had excited a great deal of interest especially as it had followed close upon the appeal to the Press and the Public made by H. E. the Governor for help him in his attempts to stop or check the ravages of plague. He was sure that every member of the Corporation was willing to assist His Excellency in his earnest desire to stamp out the plague, because it was in the interests of the citizens of Bombay. He was of opinion that, of the three remedies suggested, the one of rat extermination was fraught with less difficulties. Rats were found to be the cause of the disease, and it was essential to destroy the cause. Propagation of the Evacuation was the second best remedy in eradicating the plague. If they ran away from the area of contamination, they could avoid the disease. Dr. Sukhia had pointed out that inoculation produced a bad effect on the heart as the serum contained toxine, but this theory was repudiated by Dr. Collie.

As regards inoculation, he had been inoculated twice. He was not against it, but he could not help saying that it was fraught with great risks in cases where inoculated persons suffered from heart disease, uric acid, and pthisis. He made bold to say that they would not find a single person who did not possess uric acid in more or less quantity. Personally he was not opposed to inoculation, but they should not shut their eyes to its deleterious effects. They should not pursue it with vigour and energy, but practice it with great caution and after a strict medical examination. He knew of cases in which it was done hurriedly without due examination of persons who submitted themselves for inoculation. He asked the authorities to concentrate their attention to removing the cause of the disease.

Mr. Jamsedji Wadia said that he and his household had been inoculated for six years successively. During the first outbreak of plague he had to leave Bombay in alarm. Inoculation, however, gave him that confidence which he had not possessed before. There were several cases of plague in the compound of his neighbour's bungalow where the domestic servants had not been inoculated, but there were none in his compound. Plague was essentially poor men's disease, but unfortunately there was an aversion against inoculation in the minds of mill-hands and others. Millowners had tried their best to induce their mill-hands to take to inoculation, but somehow or other the men did not take to it freely. Dr. Turner had done a signal service in preparing the history of the plague with diagrams, charts and statistics and he was now doing still greater service by lecturing to the mill-hands on the benefits of inoculation. If Sir Bhalchandra and others would emulate the example of Dr. Turner, much prejudice that at present existed against inoculation would be removed.

Mr. S. S. Mistry recommended evacuation as the best means of escaping from the ravages of the plague.

Mr. Jehangir B. Petit said that he had been in hopes that the discussion on the Health Officer's report would clear the doubt that existed in his mind about inoculation, but he must say that he was disappointed. He had not grown wiser in the least after a discussion lasting over two hours. If anything, he was now left in still greater doubt than before, because there was some much difference of opinion among scientific men as to the value of inoculation. He thought that the City Improvement Trust had given greater attention to the beautifying of the city than the removal of ill-ventilated houses.

The Hon'ble Mr. Owen Dunn questioned this remark.

Mr. Petit said that he adhered to his remarks notwithstanding the protest from Mr. Dunn. The city should be spread out; suburbs should be opened up, building fines should be abolished, and this was more important than the reclamation of Colaba.

He insisted on greater encouragement being given to people to go and live in suburbs, than what had hitherto been given.

Mr. Cowasji Readymoney said that a considerable number of rats had been destroyed recently and he considered it a very encouraging circumstance. The authorities had not obtained from the people that co-operation which was necessary to secure the destruction of rats. He referred to the obstruction offered by the people against destruction of rats, and appealed to the Corporation to sanction a larger expenditure for the destruction of rats, and he asked the members to prevail upon the people to co-operate with the Municipal authorities in their campaign of rat-extermination.

It was then resolved to adopt the report and to convey the thanks of the Corporation to Dr. Turner for preparing the History of Plague in Bombay from 1896 to 1907.

The Corporation then adjourned to Monday next.

BOMBAY GOVERMENT ORDERS.

Bombay "Government Gazette" Nov. 21

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Chimnaji Raghunath Karkare, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bagalkot, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 1st December.

Mr Venkatrao Vaikunth Wagh, on return from leave to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bagalkot, during the absence of Mr Chimnaji Raghunath Karkare on leave.

Mr Manekshah Kaikhosru Nadirshah, Acting Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge, Maddebihal, to continue to act there until relieved by Mr Venkatrao Vaikunth Wagh on Mr Chimnaji Raghunath Karkare's return to duty.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Governor is pleased to create a temporary appointment of Additional Deputy Collector, Sixth Grade, for a period not exceeding six months with effect from 13th July and to appoint Mr Dosabhai Rustamji Mobedji, M.A, to hold it and to continue to do duty as Native Assistant to the Commissioner, S D, pending further orders.

Mr Ichharam Bhagavandas, B A, Deputy Collector, Fourth Grade, and Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture, is granted privilege leave for two months.

Mr Yashavantray Nilkanth to act as Deputy Collector, Sixth Grade, and Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture, during the absence on leave of Mr Ischaram Bhagavandas, B A, or pending further orders.

Mr K R Bomanji has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty before the expiry of his leave.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

Mr Moro Waman Kirtane, B A, to be Head Master, Belgaum High School, on Rs 400 per month.

Mr Ramchandra Hanmant Deshpande, M A, to be Head Master, Bijapur High School, on Rs 200 per month.

Mr Krishnaji Shriniwas Hungund, B A, to be Head Master, Karwar High School on Rs 200 per month.

The District Judge of Thana has granted privilege leave on full pay for twenty-nine days from 15th October to Mr Bhau Yeshwant Gupte, First Class Subordinate Judge of Thana.

Mr G Wiles, I C S, delivered over and Mr R C Brown, I C S, received charge of the office of Collector and District Magistrate, Panch Mahals, and Political Agent, Rewa Kantha, on the 4th November.

Mr J E Husbands, I C S, delivered over and Mr A L M Wood, I C S, received charge of the office of Collector and District Magistrate, Kaira, and Political Agent, Cambay, on the 7th November.

Mr Vishnu Sadashiv Kelkar, Mamlatdar of the Erandol Taluka in the East Khandesh District, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty one days.

Mr Ganesh Martand Bhalerao, Mahalkari, Petha Bhadgaon (pay Rs 80), is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Erandol during the absence of Mr Kelkar or pending further orders.

Mr J H Garrett, I C S, Assistant Collector, Ratnagiri, is granted privilege leave for thirty days with effect from 3rd November.

Privilege leave for six weeks is granted to Mr Ramkrishna Anandrao Nadkarni, Mamlatdar of Ratnagiri, and Mr Chintaman Sadashiv Tamat, Head Karkun on Rs 80 is appointed to act there.

Mr R B Tate, B A, Inspector in charge Liquor Warehouse, Jalgaon, East Khandesh District, has been granted leave without pay for six months with effect from the 18th October and Mr R B Chinoy, Excise Opium Clerk in the office of the Collector of Bombay, is appointed Warehouse Inspector substantive pro tem.

BY THE WAY.

THE INS AND OUTS OF ETIQUETTE.

I have been reading a little volume entitled "The New Book of Etiquette, writes Mr. Spencer Leigh Hughes and that title itself suggests that those conventional in M. A. P. rules or forms of ceremony or decorum required by good breeding to be observed towards particular persons and in particular places, do not constitute an exact science. There is no finality in etiquette, and that which is the correct thing to-day may be a shocking lapse to-morrow. Thus even those who master all the intricacies in these handbooks of manners can never feel secure—just as the lady who rejoices in securing the latest thing in hats has but a short time in which to revel in a sense of possession. For even as she pins it in position, she is hunted by the consciousness that fashions are fleeting, and that at that very moment there may be symptoms of a change singing in the upper chambers of the air. So with the student of etiquette—no sooner has he learnt than he has to unlearn, and to learn something else. I notice for instance in this book an intimation that fashion no longer requires two people when shaking hands to project the elbow out sideways and to raise the hand on a level with the chin. I never performed this idiotic antic, for so far as fashion is concerned I am never in the movement. One advantage of never learning the rules of etiquette is that you never need unlearn any. But I imagine that among the *elite* of Peckham the raised hand and elbow attitude is still to be observed, while the envied *habitues* of the inner social ring in Slopperton-cum-Slushey-in-the-Hole will be adopting the discarded method of salutation this day twelve months, firmly convinced that it is "the thing."

ANONYMOUS GUIDES.

Comparatively few people, I suppose, are at any time quite correct from the point of view of etiquette, as the vast majority of those who interest themselves in such matters are engaged in an eternal and a pathetic attempt to catch up. Who issues these orders which are so implicitly obeyed? Who, I should like to know, first said that we ought to raise the elbow and hand in the manner already mentioned, and then said that we should not? Perhaps it is well that we do not know, just as it is well for gentlemen who thrill Europe by their leading articles to remain shrouded in the veil of anonymity. The author of the book before me describes herself as "a Lady in Society"—possibly she is a duchess, and, perhaps not. But whoever she is she tells us how to behave at our christening, how to walk, to talk, and to laugh; how to bow, to write a letter, and to dress; how to marry, to eat, to drink, and to die. She is ever at our elbow from the cradle to the grave. When one starts out for a picnic in Epping Forest it might be supposed that the rigid rules of etiquette might for the time be relaxed, but this is not the case, for the Lady in Society does not fail to remind us not to wave our handkerchiefs at every passer-by, and she frowns on the perpetual twang of two or three instruments." Well, I have never been in Epping Forest, either for a picnic or for any other purpose, but I have always understood that the "hail-fellow-well-met" spirit which prevails on such occasions, and the sturdy music of the cornet and concertina, provide by no means the least charm.

FINGERS BEFORE FORKS.

Indeed, the more I read about etiquette—and I study every book on the subject that comes in my way—the more I am convinced that etiquette is at eternal war with nature. When poets describe the forefathers of a hamlet as "rude" they probably mean that they were natural. When such men wanted to enter a room they probably walked in at the door in an ordinary way, and by doing so very likely they outraged all sorts of rules of etiquette. At any rate, it is on record that Horace Walpole (who was "in Society") always entered a room "with knees bent and feet on tiptoe, as if afraid of a wet floor." Possibly if we could pursue our investigations back to a period of time sufficiently remote, we should find the leading men and women of the day entering a room on all fours; indeed, this must have been so when our ancestors held their At Homes in caves with low and narrow entrances. It is mentioned in this book that a few centuries ago the gentlefolk observed this salutary rule in regard to dinner-table behaviour—"never set on fysche, flesche, ne fowle, more than two fyngers and a thombe." No doubt those outside the pale of fashion used to grab what there was with both hands diligently, hence this little by-law restricting the lady or gentleman of fashion to "two fyngers and a thombe." As I have said, most of these rules are intended to check natural impulses. Thus, when tablecloths first appeared it was found necessary to warn our ancestors that, while they were entitled to wipe the mouth on the cloth, they should not proceed to use that cloth for the purpose of wiping the nose or the eyes. And they were also warned by the Chesterfields or Brummells of the period against picking the teeth with "knife, strawe, or sticke." As forks are not mentioned in this connection, I presume they had not then made their appearance.

SPLITTING THE DIFFERENCE.

In every book dealing with etiquette much is naturally said about behaviour at Court, and there is quite a literature in existence concerning the ceremonies appertaining to such surroundings. There are rigid rules in regard to dress, to precedence, and to conduct governing your action from the moment when you first wish to go to Court, during your visit to the illustrious scene, and when you withdraw to rejoin the common world. As I have said, there is a literature dealing with the jealousies and the intricacies of Court etiquette. Many are the tales extant about the extreme rigidity of Spanish ceremonials in the exalted sphere. One of my favourites is that about the death of the Spanish Queen, when the Crown officers and very tip-top grandees assembled in accordance with precedent to open and read the will of the deceased lady. The Lady High Chamberlain was absent, and as her presence was necessary the grandees requested her attendance. She refused to come from her chamber to them, suggesting that they should go to her. The grandees agreed among themselves that they would see her hanged first, though their refusal was couched in terms of extreme and stately politeness. So neither side would budge an inch, and they might have all been waiting there until this day, with the will unread, had not some genius suggested a compromise. After eight hours of discussion by means of messengers sent by the grandee gentlemen to the grandee lady, the two high contracting parties agreed on this course of action: The gentlemen, without rising from their seats, or moving at all, should be carried to a room half-way between them and the room of the haughty lady; and she should also be brought in on a cushion as the "piece de resistance," and duly deposited. This would enable each side to say that it had not taken a step to meet the other. And it was so. That is to say, the policy was carried out—and so were the stiff and starchy grandees and the hoity-toity Lady High Chamberlain. In more than one sense it was a moving incident, and I imagine that when the supreme moment arrived, and the grand dame was carried in, nose in the air and defiance in her eye,

. . . oven the ranks of Tuscany
Could scarce forbear to cheer.

The incident provides one of the most striking instances, on record of the wisdom of splitting the difference.

AN OLD QUESTION.

Perhaps the most arduous time he ever had to endure was when the Palatine came to this country to marry Princess Elizabeth, the only daughter of James I., and many Ambassadors and notables turned up also. The Venetian Ambassador was the worst, and worried poor Sir John day after day. He always insisted on being treated as equal with crowned heads, and Sir John Finett soon found he could not bustle or bluff him so easily as he had tricked the blundering Muscovite. Thus the Venetian was placed on the occasion of a public entertainment among the Ambassadors of the Savoy and the States-General, while the Spanish and French Ambassadors sat alone on the other side. The Venetian vowed that this was a diminution of his quality—Sir John, on the other hand, argued with his accustomed ingenuity that in such a place the Venetian was cock-of-the-walk, whereas, if he sat with the Spaniard and the Frenchman he would be the last of the three. But this was not good enough for the Venetian, who replied that "the first place of an inferior degree hath ever been held worse than the last of a superior." Here we have an old question once more raised—a question which I remember discussing in connection with the status of a baronet—whether he was the last of the greater nobility, or the first of the lesser nobility.

COSTLY LITIGATION.

The Somersetshire Standing Joint Committee, which has incurred costs to the amount of £110 in trying to recover four shillings from a solicitor, is not alone in finding litigation a costly game to play at. Some years ago, when a Scottish farmer brought an action against the Customs authorities for a wrongful levy of a penny, he recovered his penny at a cost to himself and the defendants of £150 each. An attempt to recover a half-penny from a Miss Annie Rayson cost a London tramways company £160 damages for malicious prosecution, in addition to heavy costs in three sets of proceedings. But perhaps the most instructive case of all is one that was fought to the bitter end in the Italian Courts. A lawyer sued the octroi authorities for the recovery of a centime which he had been compelled to pay on a box of bonbons. The case was carried from Court to Court, with the ultimate result that the defendants had to refund the centime and to pay 3,000 lires in addition for the expenses of the litigation.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

BEAUTIFUL MODEL GOWNS.

In the beautiful and spacious new show-rooms of Messrs. Debenham and Freebody's, of Wigmore-street, and Welbeck-street, are to be seen some of the choicest French and Viennese model gowns for every possible occasion writes an London Lady Correspondent. One is a very charming and afternoon and visiting gown in cedar-brown cloth. The skirt is in circular shape at the lower part, and is finished with rolls of satin bordering a flat pleating, whilst the upper portion fits closely to the figure, and is very originally braided with soutache en forme, which gives an air of slimness. The corsage of the same tone of chiffon velvet opens over an inner vest of filet lace with cleft touches of gold embroidery. This is an ideal afternoon home dress whilst it is converted into a visiting one by means of a smartly-cut cape wrap, prettily braided in soutache. A charmingly simple yet distinctive gown of mole chiffon velvet is most attractive in its elegant simplicity. A separate underskirt of taffetas chiffon which takes the same shape and a distinct bodice of pretty fancy French net, with long tucked sleeves, form the skeleton foundation, whilst a quantity cut Princesse over-dress of the chiffon velours fastens slightly to one side with two large buttons, and a bow caught here and there by groups of buttons makes a novel finish to the front.

NEW DESIGNS FOR EVENING.

A beautiful model in flamingo silk net, over flamingo taffetas and interlined chiffon, is one of the most distinguished gowns I have seen. The colouring is perfect, and the hang of this gown is indescribably charming. The long full skirt is trimmed at the lower part with wide ribbon velvet in the same shade. A kind of redingote over-dress is of long square end panel stoles of hand-embroidered, tiny iridescent paillettes and beads in lovely designs; these pane's are bordered all round with ribbon velvet. The corsage is delightful in design; it forms a low square of Venetian lace, with a band of velvet ribbon defining the decollete, a velvet ceinture and shoulder epaulette bretelles carried round to the short-waisted back of the paillette stoles, where a butterfly bow of velvet connects the two long ends which flow to the end of the train. The sleeves are of the plain silk net in short puff shade, whilst from the back of the shoulder winged sleeves of paillette net reach almost to the waist. A novel effect is a ribbon embroidery of roses, leaves, and mixed roses in shades of ribbon from palest pink to purple, on a gown of pinkish-mauve Liberty satin, the same trimming adorning the swathed bodice. A lovely evening dress of vieux framboise chiffon velours is also extremely chic. In fact, each gown has

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 20.

Rainfall has decreased in South India, only a few light falls occurred on the coast districts; cloud also decreased: the skies are now clear or only lightly clouded over nearly the whole of the Peninsula. Light rain has fallen in Tenasserim. The weather appears somewhat unsettled in the Andaman Sea. The disturbance in the extreme North is passing eastward towards Tibet. The skies have cleared except in the north-eastern half of Kashmir. In Burma light falls of rain are reported from Mergui and Tavoy in Tenasserim. The skies are lightly to moderately clouded: the air is damper than usual, but elsewhere the skies are clear; humidity is normal and temperature has its usual value. In North-East India and Orissa the skies are clear in most stations; the air drier than usual in Chota Nagpur and adjacent districts, but in the rest of North East India an average amount of moisture is in the air; the temperature is in slight excess in a few stations of Orissa and normal elsewhere.

In the United Provinces, Central India, and Central Provinces the skies continue to be free from cloud, the amount of moisture in the air is very much less than average; the temperature is generally in excess.

In North-West India cloud decreased; in the extreme north; the skies are only moderately overcast in Kashmir and clear in the rest of the division. Humidity is normal or in defect. The weather is warmer than usual in Gujarat and Rajputana the temperature is normal in the remainder of North West India.

In the Peninsula, Madras Tinnevelly, Trivandrum and Poona had light falls of rain; cloud decreased; the skies are clear or only lightly clouded, except on Central Madras Coast where they are moderately overcast. The air contains more than the usual quantity of moisture on North Madras and Konkan Coasts and normal in amount elsewhere. The weather is still much warmer than usual in the Deccan, and North Madras Coast, but elsewhere the temperature is normal.

Forecast.—A few falls of rain are likely in South Burma and South India.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 21ST NOVEMBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking general. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Agra.—Absence of rain causing anxiety. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Cawnpore.—Drought still continues. Absence of rain causing anxiety.

Amraoti.—Seasonable. Linseed requires rain.

Dhulia.—Cotton picking general, and arriving in small quantities. All crops suffering from little rain.

Broach.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton first sowing in flower and showing bolls. Present weather may improve cotton yields slightly. Crop prospects generally good.

Viramgam.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants in flower and showing bolls. Cotton crop making good progress.

Dholera.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing and want more rain.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton picking partially begun.

Barsi.—Unusually hot. All crops suffering from little rain.

Sholapur.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally.

Hubli.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants want more rain. Linseed and wheat require rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Bellary.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants seriously damaged by drought.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 21ST NOVEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 21st November 1907, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

Punjab.—There has been no rain. Calms and westerly winds prevail generally. The sky is clear and the air is drier than usual at Delhi and Sirsa and slightly damper at Lahore. Temperature during day and night was about normal.

United Provinces.—No rain has fallen in this district. The wind direction was calm at Cawnpore while south-westerly, westerly and north-westerly winds were blowing elsewhere. The sky is clear and the air is considerably drier than usual. Yesterday's maximum was 1° to 4° above normal throughout the district and the last night's minimum was 2° to 4° cooler at Agra, Cawnpore and Allahabad, 1° warmer at Jhansi.

Sand and Rajputana.—These districts have rainless. The wind direction is calm. The sky is moderately cloudy at Karachi and clear in Rajputana and at Jacobabad. Both day and night temperatures were about normal. The air is much drier than usual in Rajputana and slightly damper at Karachi.

Gujarat, Kathiwar and Central India West.—These districts have been rainless. Wind direction was calm at Rajkot and Indore while wind was blowing from north-easterly direction to Neemuch, Deesa, Ahmedabad and Veraval and from north-westerly direction at Bhuj, Dwarka, Bhavnagar Para and Surat. The sky is almost clear and the air contained the usual amount of mositure at Deesa, considerably less in other places. During the day temperature was 1° cooler at Veraval and 1° to 8° warmer in all other places. Night temperature was 1° cooler at Bhavnagar Para, Ahmedabad and Deesa and 1° to 5° warmer elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—No rain has fallen. The direction of air movement is northerly at Raipur and Nagpur and north-easterly or south easterly in all other places except at Akola where it was calm. The sky is clear and the air is generally drier than usual. Maximum temperature was 1° to 8° higher than usual throughout the district while the minimum temperature was 6° to 7° above normal at Amraoti and Akola and approximately normal in other places.

Konkan.—No rain is reported. Calms and easterly or north-easterly winds prevail generally. The sky is almost clear and the moisture in the atmosphere is more than usual. Temperature during day time differed but slightly from normal while during night it was from 5° to 7° higher than usual.

Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—This district has had no rain. Winds are blowing from easterly or south-easterly direction at Ahmednagar and Bijapur, while calm recorded at other stations. Weather both during day and night was warmer throughout the district. Humidity was about normal at Poona, Malegaon, Sholapur, Belgaum and Hyderabad and moderately or considerably less at Ahmednagar and Bijapur.

General Remarks.—Weather is in a slightly unsettled condition in Sind, Gujarat and on and off the Konkan, Kathiwar and Sind Coasts.

Arabian Sea.—Steamship "Circassia" from Aden experienced from Latitude 14° N., Longitude 53° E. at about noon on the 15th to Latitude 16° N., Longitude 57° E. at 4 p. m. on the 16th fresh to strong north-westerly and north-easterly winds blowing at times with moderate gale, a rough to high confused sea and swell and cloudy sky.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

MISS GERTRUDE JEKYLL, of Munstead Wood Godalming, has presented to the Surrey Archæological Society her splendid collection of old English cottage furniture, ironwork, and articles of domestic use. For something like thirty years Miss Jekyll has made it a hobby to obtain articles of every kind relating domestic life in England, particularly rural life, illustrating the habits and customs of past days, and the result is a collection of its kind which cannot be revalled in England. Many of the articles figure in photographs in Miss Jekyll's book, "Old West Surrey."

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GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

THE STAGE ON ITSELF.

There is no critic on earth who can be so cruel to the stage as the stage can be, and is, to itself. Mr. Roy Horniman, in his clever play at the Apollo, "The Education of Elizabeth, says things about the life led by musical comedy ladies that no man would dare even to hint at in the Press, though he did it for a good purpose, and in the way of "fatherly advice" to the thousands of pretty young girls, with parlour voices, who are "simply dying to go on the stage" —the musical comedy stage for preference. The Brighton beach with the tide out could not supply the stones that would be wanted for throwing purposes if a writer for the newspapers pictured the musical comedy girls' "life behind the scenes" as Mr. Horniman pictures it in "The Education of Elizabeth." And here at once one is I am met by a most perplexing difficulty—the difficulty of complimenting Mr. Horniman upon his dramatic gifts. A dramatist, we are told, is nothing if not convincing and realistic. Who can say that Mr. Horniman is not?—and who dare say he is? If one puts on the cloak and the feathered hat chivalry, and say, "Surely, Mr. Horniman is exaggerating," Mr. Horniman may reply, in a letter to the "Referee," "Surely I, who have been on the stage myself, know what I am talking about!" Flat contradictions hurt quite as much as flat stones. One is between the—well, the Horniman and the Brighton beach!

AN ORIGINAL STORY.

Perhaps, under the circumstances, it would be safest to compliment Mr. Roy Horniman upon the originality of his story. In that way no harm will be done either to Mr. Horniman's reputation or the musical comedy girls'; and, after all, cannot the other matter, the matter of realism, be got over by declaring that Mr. Horniman is a man of imagination and that no man who writes for the stage is worth a tinker's swear who is not? Very well then. . . . The story is an excellent lesson to the person who thinks he is doing a good thing by giving another person lessons. (This is not intended to apply to school life generally.) Harry Fairfax is one of those wealthy young gentlemen living in "rooms near Piccadilly" who supply the champagne lunches and suppers of which musical comedy ladies, chaperoned by half-witted "Johnnies" and whole-witted men of the world, are alleged by dramatists to partake. In real life, Harry Fairfax (played by Mr. H. Marsh Allen with a compensating sense of manliness) would be content to—but, stay, we are not supposing that Mr. Horniman is attempting to give us real life. (One wishes that Brighton beach would not hover so.) Harry Fairfax, is perfectly properly in love with Elizabeth Banks a beautiful young musical comedy lady, whose work at the theatre (so she herself says) consists in smiling over the footlights and "opening her mouth with the others," on the false pretence of singing.

A POLITE REPLY.

When Harry asks Elizabeth to be his wife, the girl expresses an amount of astonishment which is, if one may say so, quite painful to see. The proposal is made after a lunch in Fairfax's rooms—and the other guests have departed. It has been more like a supper party at a famous Strand restaurant; and perhaps its character may be indicated pretty clearly by the lines with which a certain friend of mine once very foolishly excused himself from attending a similar feast very foolishly, because has hopes of some day supplementing an infinitesimal income by writing lyrics for musical comedy. He wrote:

"It is not for me to scoff,
But I've had my fill
Of the smile that won't come off.
And the hair that will.

He has never been asked to another supper of the sort since, and—but that is quite another story. To Mr. Horniman's again. Elizabeth, in answer to Harry's invitation to marry him, says that it would never do, because she is so ignorant—she has a shocking handwriting, and cannot spell properly. (I always thought this was a characteristic of the clever, a sign by which to recognise brains. But, no matter!) Harry is prepared for emergencies: he has talked the thing over with his sympathetic sister beforehand; and he suggests to Elizabeth that she should go away for a year to be educated and then come home to be married.

ALPINE FLORA AND FLAT FEET.

Elizabeth goes and at the end of the year returns with such ladylike manners—"So like one's own sister," as Harry humorously complains—that her lover is not quite sure whether he feels he is that any longer. Education has knocked out of her nature the very things that had before fascinated him, and in presence of this new prig of a girl, with her smooth hair, her flat boots, her severely simple blouse and skirt, and her talk about the "Alpine Flora," Harry Fairfax makes but very transparent attempts and feeling as it were at home. He is clearly disappointed with the result of his experiment, but as he does not tell Elizabeth what it is that disappoints him (so like a stage character to dodge a natural occasion for a natural explanation!) she at once jumps to the conclusion that she has not succeeded in becoming quite and ladylike enough, and resolves to go into musical comedy again, rather than that Harry should marry her "out of pity."

THE VILLAIN OF THE PIECE.

With this object, she rather unnecessarily compromises herself with a callous and unscrupulous gentleman of the "She must-and-shall-be-mine" pattern (impersonated by Mr. H. V Esmond, of all men in the world!), and takes a room in Bloomsbury, to be near the buses that run in the direction of the Gaiety Theatre. To this room, in due dramatic course, come all the people who are wanted for making Mr. Horniman's story end happily: and although, when the curtain goes down upon the usual embrace, Elizabeth seems to be just as much of a blue-stocking as ever (counting from the time of her education), there are certain things said by certain people by which we may allow ourselves to be led to suppose that, when the lovers are alone, Elizabeth will promise faithfully never, never, never to be a good girl again! The play is a curious and somewhat daring one, but it is amusing and very brightly written, and the acting throughout is uncommonly clever.

MISS FLORENCE LLOYD'S SUCCESS.

Miss Miriam Clements, looking as lovely as ever and declining to look less lovely than that even in the cold-boiled attire of the maid from school, struggles right womanfully with the perplexingly abrupt changes of which the character of Elizabeth is composed, and succeeds in making of Mr. Horniman's heroine a most charming and interesting young lady. If Miss Clements fails at times to be convincing all complaints must be addressed to Mr. Horniman, Mr. Lawrence Grossmith is capital as a "Johnnie" of the G. P. Huntley mould; Miss Maude Millet acts with softness and dignity the part of Harry's sister, and looks as young as when she was playing Millie Gilfillan in Sweet Lavender at Terry's; and Miss Lettice Fairfax very cleverly represents one of Elizabeth's musical comedy companions, Lily Kerr But the great thing of the evening, from the acting point of view, is the Blanche Macyntyre of Miss Florence Lloyd. By turns spiteful and forgiving, haughty and daringly skittish, Miss Lloyd's musical comedy "young person" is a portrait from which the original stands out in such bold relief that it reminds one of a living picture at the Empire. There is no mistake about its being a "speaking likeness" either. During the time that Miss Lloyd was hereself in musical comedy, playing parts of more or less importance, she evidently kept her eyes and ears well open. And Blanche Macyntyre is the most amusing result.

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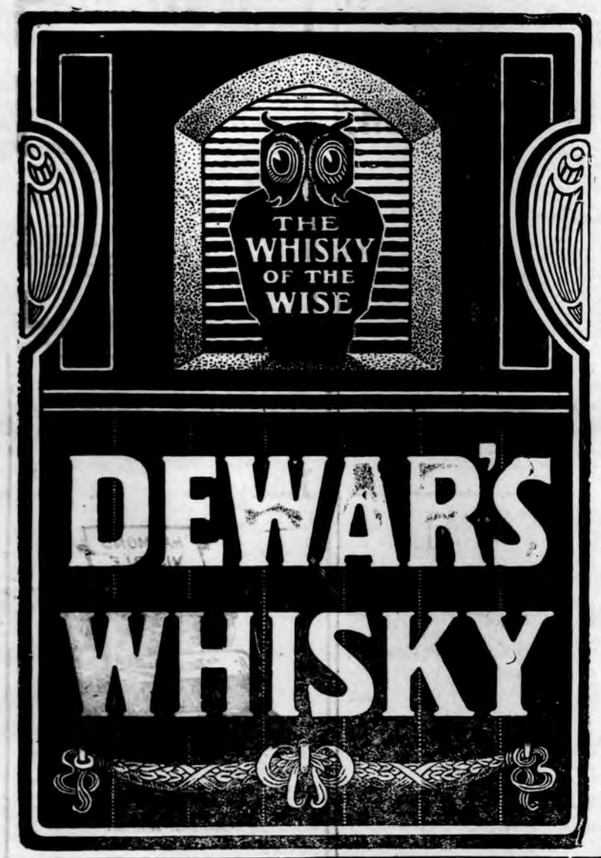

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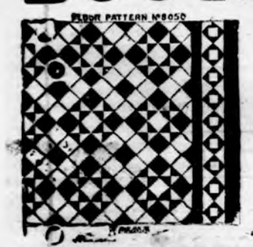

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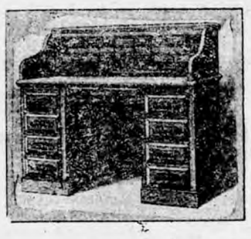

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